

Goal 1. Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger

DMC	Target 1									
	Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than \$1 day.									
	1. Proportion of Population Below the Poverty Line					2. Poverty Gap Ratio		3. Share of Poorest Quintile in National Consumption (%)		
	\$1 (PPP) a Day			National		1990	Latest Year	Latest Year		
	1990	Latest Year	1990	Latest Year	1990	Latest Year				
East Asia										
China, People's Rep. of	33	13 (2003)	9.4	3.1 (2003)	8.9	3.9 (2001)	4.7 (2001)			
Hong Kong, China	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.3 (1996)		
Korea, Rep. of	...	...	7.0	3.6 (2000)	...	<0.5 (1998)	7.9 (1998)		
Mongolia	28	19 (2003)	36.3 ^a	35.6 (1998)	3.1 ^a	8.1 (1998)	5.6 (1998)			
Taipei, China	...	...	...	0.8 ^h (2003)	...	...	...
Southeast Asia										
Brunei Darussalam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cambodia	46	34 (2003)	39.0 ^b	34.7 (2004)	...	9.7 (1997)	6.9 (1997)			
Indonesia	21	7 (2003)	15.1	18.2 (2002)	2.7 ^c	0.9 (2002)	8.4 (2002)			
Lao PDR	53	29 (2003)	45.0 ^c	33.5 (2002)	1.0 ^g	6.1 (2002)	8.1 (2002)			
Malaysia	1	0 (2003)	16.5	7.5 (1999)	<0.5 ^g	<0.5 (1997)	4.4 (1997)			
Myanmar	...	...	...	26.6 (2001)	...	...	...
Philippines	20	14 (2003)	33.0 ^d	30.0 (2003)	4.2 ^e	3.0 (2000)	5.4 (2000)			
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.0 (1998)		
Thailand	10	1 (2003)	18.0	9.8 (2002)	<0.5 ^g	<0.5 (2002)	6.3 (2002)			
Viet Nam	51	10 (2003)	50.9 ^c	19.5 (2004)	2.5 ^c	<0.5 (2002)	7.5 (2002)			
South Asia										
Bangladesh	34	30 (2003)	51.6 ^e	49.8 (2000)	8.8 ^e	8.1 (2000)	9.0 (2000)			
Bhutan	...	...	...	25.3 ⁱ (2000)	...	...	...
India	42	31 (2003)	36.0 ^b	26.1 (1999)	10.9 ^c	8.2 (1999)	8.9 (1999)			
Maldives	...	1 (2004)	...	21.0 (2004)	...	...	...
Nepal	44	25 (2004)	42.0 ^f	30.9 (2004)	...	5.4 (2004)	6.0 (2004)			
Sri Lanka	4	1 (2003)	26.1 ^e	22.7 (2002)	0.7	0.8 (2002)	8.3 (2000)			
Central and West Asia										
Afghanistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Armenia	...	2 (2003)	54.7 ^f	39.0 (2004)	0.3	3.3 (2001)	6.7 (1998)			
Azerbaijan	11	2 (2003)	68.1 ^a	40.0 (2004)	...	0.5 (2002)	7.4 (2001)			
Kazakhstan	0	0 (2003)	34.6 ^f	27.9 (2002)	<0.5 ^c	<0.5 (2003)	7.8 (2003)			
Kyrgyz Republic	0	0 (2003)	45.4 ^c	40.8 (2003)	3.3 ^c	<0.5 (2003)	8.9 (2003)			
Pakistan	48	20 (2003)	28.6 ^c	32.6 (1999)	14.6	3.1 (2002)	9.3 (2002)			
Tajikistan	1	6 (2003)	...	56.6 (2003)	...	1.3 (2003)	7.9 (2003)			
Turkmenistan	0	5 (2003)	...	29.9 (1998)	5.3 ^c	2.0 (2001)	6.1 (1998)			
Uzbekistan	1	13 (2003)	...	26.2 (2003)	0.5 ^c	3.5 (2001)	9.2 (2000)			
Pacific DMCs										
Cook Islands	...	...	...	12.0 (1998)	...	...	...
Fiji Islands	...	26 (1996)	...	25.5 ^j (1990)	...	...	...
Kiribati	...	38 (1996)	...	50.0 (1996)	...	...	...
Marshall Islands	...	20 (1999)	...	...	...	...	...
Micronesia, Fed. States of	...	5 (1998)	...	27.9 (1998)	...	...	...
Nauru	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Palau	...	...	...	59.2 (2004)	...	...	...
Papua New Guinea	...	25 (1996)	...	37.5 (1996)	...	...	4.5 (1996)		
Samoa	...	6 (2002)	...	20.3 ^k (2002)	...	...	...
Solomon Islands	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Timor-Leste	...	...	...	41.0 (2001)	...	...	...
Tonga	...	4 (2001)	...	22.3 ^k (2002)	...	...	...
Tuvalu	...	17 (1994)	...	29.3 ^k (1994)	...	...	...
Vanuatu	...	26 (1998)	...	40.0 (1998)	...	...	...

a Refers to 1995.

b Refers to 1994.

c Refers to 1993.

d Refers to 1997.

e Refers to 1991.

f Refers to 1996.

g Refers to 1992.

h Defined as percent of low-income population to total population.

i Based on a poverty line obtained from a pilot study.

j Refers to percentage of population below basic needs. Rural areas refer to rural villages only; poverty incidence in rural settlements is 26.2 percent.

k Refers to percentage of poor households.

l For children aged 6 to 59 months.

m For children aged 0 to 47 months.

n For children aged 0 to 35 months.

o Refers to moderate and severe stunting.

p Includes Taipei, China; Hong Kong, China; and Macao, China.

q 1993–1995 average.

Goal 1. **Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger** (Continued)

Target 2							
Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than \$1 day.							
4. Prevalence of Underweight Children Under Five Years of Age (%)				5. Proportion of Population Below Minimum Level of Dietary Energy Consumption (%)			DMC
Latest Year				1990-1992	1995-1997	2001-2003	
Total	Girls	Boys					
8	...	...	(2002)	16 ^p	12 ^p	12 ^p	East Asia
...	...	...		...	...	...	China, People's Rep. of
...	...	...		<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	Hong Kong, China
13	13	13	(2000)	34	45	28	Korea, Rep. of
...	...	...		...	...	...	Mongolia
...	...	...		...	...	...	Taipei, China
...	...	...		...	...	...	Southeast Asia
45	46	44	(2000)	43	46	33	Brunei Darussalam
28	...	...	(2003)	9	6	6	Cambodia
40	40	40	(2000)	29	28	22	Indonesia
11	...	...	(2003)	3	3	3	Lao PDR
32	32	31	(2003)	10	7	5	Malaysia
28	...	...	(2003)	26	22	19	Myanmar
3	...	...	(2000)	...	...	...	Philippines
18	...	...	(1995)	30	23	21	Singapore
28	...	...	(2003)	31	23	17	Thailand
48	49	46	(2004)	35	40	30	Viet Nam
19 ^l	17	20	(1999)	...	...	...	South Asia
47 ^m	49 ^o	45 ^o	(1998-1999)	25	21	20	Bangladesh
30	30	31	(2001)	17	15	11	Bhutan
48	51	46	(2001)	20	26	17	India
30	30	29	(2001)	28	26	22	Maldives
39 ^l	...	...	(2003-2004)	...	...	...	Nepal
3	3	2	(2000)	...	52 ^q	29	Sri Lanka
7	8	6	(2001)	...	34 ^q	15	Central and West Asia
4	5	4	(1999)	...	3 ^q	8	Afghanistan
11 ⁿ	9	13	(1997)	...	21 ^q	4	Armenia
38	36	38	(2001-2002)	24	19	23	Azerbaijan
36 ^{l,o}	...	...	(2003)	...	22 ^q	61	Kazakhstan
12	12	12	(2000)	...	12 ^q	8	Kyrgyz Republic
8 ⁿ	8	8	(2002)	...	8 ^q	26	Pakistan
10	...	...	(1999)	...	...	...	Tajikistan
8	7	8	(1993)	10	7	4	Turkmenistan
13	...	...	(1999)	9	7	6	Uzbekistan
27	...	...	(1999)	...	...	...	Pacific DMCs
15	...	...	(1997)	...	...	...	Cook Islands
...	...	...		...	...	...	Fiji Islands
8	...	...	(1999)	...	...	...	Kiribati
25	...	...	(2000)	15	15	13	Marshall Islands
17	...	...	(1999)	11	11	4	Micronesia, Fed. States of
21	...	...	(1999)	33	21	20	Nauru
46	45	46	(2003)	11	9	8	Palau
2	...	...	(1999)	...	...	...	Papua New Guinea
...	...	...		...	...	...	Samoa
23	...	...	(1999)	12	12	12	Solomon Islands
...	...	...		...	...	...	Timor-Leste
...	...	...		...	...	...	Tonga
...	...	...		...	...	...	Tuvalu
...	...	...		...	...	...	Vanuatu

Sources: UNSD, *Millennium Indicators Database Online*.
 WB, Millennium Development Goals Website.
 WB, Millennium Development Goals Quick Query Website.
 WB, *World Development Indicators Online* and *PovcalNet Database*.
 ADB, *Poverty in Asia: Estimates and Projections*.
 UNICEF, Monitoring the Situation of Children and Women Website.
 Country sources.