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प्रयास

आरोग्य, ऊर्जा, शिक्षण आणि पालकत्व
या विषयांतील विशेष प्रयत्न

PRAYAS
ENERGYGROUP

Empowering People

The Electricity Governance Initiative

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Align investment with social,
environmental, economic objectives



Civil society and the public play
an important role

Towards improved governance

- Focus on the process of decision-making and implementation
 - How decisions are made shape what decisions are made
 - Attention to transparency, scope for public participation, mechanisms of accountability
- Good governance is necessary though not sufficient for good outcomes

The Electricity Governance Initiative

- Develop an operational framework to assess governance and help identify best practices
- Provide a capacity building platform for improving practice
- Contribute to improved communication among stakeholders

**BASELINE INDICATORS:
MAPPING THE ELECTRICITY SECTOR**

POLICY PROCESSES

- Legislative Committee
- Executive
- Independence and Reporting of Electricity
Ministry / Department
- Planning Agencies
- Donor Agencies
- Capacity of Civil Society
- Reform and policy change processes
- Availability of relevant background
Information
- Quality of participation, debate, and clarity
of policy processes
- Media coverage
- Role of Consultants
- Asset Evaluation
- Privatization
- Subsidies
- Independent Power
- Extent of Competition

REGULATORY PROCESS

- Authority and Autonomy
- Selection and Removal
- Financial + Human Resources
- Function and Jurisdiction
- Conflicts of Interest
- Information disclosure and transparency
- Appeals
- Training
- Use of Consultants
- Procedural clarity
- Pro-activeness
- Public participation
- Civil society capacity
- Basis for orders and decisions
- Dissemination of decisions
- Performance Reporting
- Tariff Philosophy
- Licensing
- Consumer Service and Quality of Supply

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL

- Executive mandate and capacity
- Legislative committee mandate and capacity
- Jurisdiction for environmental clearances
- Setting minimum environmental standards
- Inclusion in planning and reform
- Environmental impact assessments
- Project-affected people
- Labor Impacts
- Clean Technologies and Approaches

- Mandate and capacity of regulatory body to
address environmental and social issues
- Responsiveness to social or environmental
claims
- Engagement of service provider with the public
- Affordability
- Representation of weak stakeholders

Distinct Planning Agency	India	Thailand	Indonesia	Philippines
	Medium-High	Medium-Low	Low	Low
Existence of planning/policy agency	X	X	-	-
Mechanism for consultation by executive	X	-	-	-
Authority to seek information	X	-	-	-
Availability of resources	X	-	-	-
Requirements for transparency	-	-	-	-
Stakeholder consultation	-	-	-	-
Inclusion of Environmental Considerations in Sector Plan	N/A	Medium-Low	Low	Medium-Low
Analysis of environmental considerations in most recent plan		X	X	X
Inclusion of project-specific impacts and broader sectoral impacts		-	-	-
Public access to relevant documents				
Mechanisms to seek public input		-	-	-
Inclusion of less-privileged and affected populations		-	-	-
Communication about how public input is incorporated		-	-	-
Reasonable public comment period		-	-	-
Availability of public comments				

Participation in policies promoting clean technologies

Considers at least three of following:	Thailand Medium	India Medium	Philippines Medium -High
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Co-generation 	X		X
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demand-side management 	X	X	X
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Energy saving companies 			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Grid renewables 	X	X	X
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Distributed renewables 	X	X	X
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improved fossil fuel technologies 	X		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pollution control technologies 			X
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • T&D losses 	X		X
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stakeholder consultation 			X
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of multiple participation mechanisms 			

Citizen participation can create new models for energy



Creating a basis for change



EGI in Asia

INDIA

Center for Policy Research
Centre for Environment Concerns
Praja
Citizen consumer and civic Action
Group (CAG)

PHILIPPINES

Green Independent Power Producers
(GRIPP)
Development Academy of the
Philippines (DAP)
University of the Philippines
Kuryente Network
Action for Economic Reform

INDONESIA

Indonesian Institute for Energy
Economics
Pelangi
Indonesian Center for Environmental
Law (ICEL)
People Centered Economic and
Business Institute (IBEKA)
World Wildlife Fund

THAILAND

Health Systems Research Institute
Palang Thai
Confederation of Consumer
Organisations
King Prajadhipok's Institute
Thailand Environment Institute

The Electricity Governance Initiative

<http://electricitygovernance.wri.org>

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