

Table 5.1
Methods of Data Collection

Type	Data Collection Technique	Objectives
Land Acquisition Survey	Review of land records and ownership deeds (100 percent sample)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To identify extent and effects of land loss • To assess entitlements • To prepare land compensation award papers
Census	Complete enumeration of all affected households and their assets through household questionnaire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To prepare a complete inventory of APs and their assets as a basis for compensation • To identify non-entitled persons • To minimize impact of later influx of "outsiders" to project area
Socioeconomic Survey	20-25 percent sample of affected population using household questionnaire	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To prepare profile of APs • To prepare RP • To assess incomes, identify productive activities, and plan for income restoration • To develop relocation options • To develop social preparation phase for vulnerable groups
Follow-up Survey	Sample survey and participatory rapid appraisal techniques	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To update list of APs • To prepare appropriate entitlement packages • To investigate specific issues for particular groups of APs

Table 5.2
**Data Collection and Surveys in the Project Cycle:
 Key Action Points**

Project Cycle	Key Action Point
Project Identification/ISA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review existing data. • Determine level and amount of information required. • Clearly establish purpose of data collection for resettlement planning, monitoring and evaluation.
PPTA Feasibility Study	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draw up TOR for data collection. • Identify expertise required. • Commission data collection and agree upon implementation arrangements and reporting requirements. • Draft report on the findings of the data collection. • Publish preliminary list of APs. • Draft programs for income restoration and relocation of the APs. • Prepare M&E plan for resettlement based on baseline survey or census.
MRM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review prepared RP (based on results of data collection) • Conduct follow-up survey of APs, if update is necessary • Prepare income restoration, and indigenous peoples development plans (if appropriate).
Appraisal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Finalize RP.
Loan Negotiation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Include outstanding issues as condition for loan effectiveness.
Implementation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish computerized data bank on APs for implementation and monitoring purposes. • Involve AP groups and NGOs in implementation. • Conduct follow-up surveys for M&E.
Monitoring and Evaluation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor progress for reporting purposes. • Use PRA, focus group meetings and surveys to M&E purposes. • Conduct external independent evaluation through evaluation survey.

