



Appendix 1
Summary of Community
Priorities for Hardship Alleviation

Appendix 1
Participatory Assessments of Hardship and Poverty

	<i>Samoa</i>	<i>Tonga</i>	<i>Tuvalu</i>	<i>Vanuatu</i>
Shared Priorities between both urban and rural communities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduction of cost of living • Creation of job opportunities • Strengthening of skills training programs and support systems including access to capital, market, transport, plantation development, and small business management for unemployed youth; • Ensure active community involvement and cooperation with government representatives in all future plans and policy development; • Improve access to education to ensure access to earning opportunities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve access and quality of available basic services and infrastructure particularly in the outer islands such as power, water supply, health, education, and road through regular services maintenance, assignment of qualified health, provision medical supplies, staff, and reduction of service charges; • Broaden community access to skills training for income and lifestyle improvement; • Make land more accessible for people most in need 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve/maintain quality of basic services and infrastructure • Expand income earning opportunities • Provide access to housing assistance and home ownership • Provide more opportunities for technical and vocational training for boys and girls • Provide sports and recreational facilities for youth 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve access to services and infrastructure; • Improve income sources; • Address social issues particularly kava drinking. • Improve access to education (primary and secondary as well as technical skills for unemployed youths) • Health (particularly information on nutrition and family planning) • Water supply connection • Facilitation of markets for local produce (both local and international)

Appendix 1 continued

	<i>Samoa</i>	<i>Tonga</i>	<i>Tuvalu</i>	<i>Vanuatu</i>
Additional Urban Priorities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • access to housing assistance 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water supply connection • Establishment of fisheries/canning factory
Additional Rural Priorities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • accessibility of credit facilities • support for agriculture development in rural areas, including markets, reduced cost of inputs • Improve access to basic services and Infrastructure particularly water supply, education facilities, market, and roads system for identified disadvantaged communities. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creation of more income generation opportunities (e.g., marketing arm in the outer islands, transport, equipment, and capital) • Improve community-level infrastructure such as community hall, causeway, and wharf. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve cargo handling, reduce freight charges and improve shipping services as well as access to markets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve access to agriculture skills (e.g., crop/livestock raising) and increase number of places at Rural Training Centres (RTCs); • Help to resolve land disputes; • Improve rural roads and air strips • Improve rural infrastructure and services including water supply connections, telecommunication facilities and banking and credit services

Appendix 1 continued

	<i>Fiji Islands</i>	<i>RMI</i>	<i>FSM</i>	<i>PNG</i>
Shared Priorities between both urban and rural communities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • More Income generating opportunities • Improved access to basic services and infrastructure • Better water supply • Improved education and health service delivery • Improved roads and transport services, especially for getting produce to markets • Better access to power supplies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure the provision of basic services, such as solar power and water catchments to all communities; • Improve public confidence in the public education system; ensure adequate qualified and committed teachers; school supplies, and transportation to and from school; • Expanded basic education and training opportunities for youth; • Develop a range of youth services and facilities, including more sporting facilities, after school programs and youth organizations; • Promote new income earning and employment opportunities, which are sensitive to environmental, institutional and cultural issues, including agricultural activities, in rural and urban areas. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Income generating opportunities (e.g., easy access to markets to sell products, jobs creation, livelihood equipment)) • Improved access to basic services (e.g., health center, school in the community, higher education, transport, power) • More access to family planning and good parenting information • Provision of training/skills/ recreation center • Solving drug & alcohol issues (e.g., stop alcohol importation) • Enforce law on child support • Improved standards of governance and accountability 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide access to employment and income earning opportunities • Encourage development and access of lands to ensure food security and source of income • Develop and improve infrastructure and services particularly water supply, education, health care, transport and market facilities • Provide a social care system for elders, single parents, disabled, and other disadvantaged groups • Institutionalize community consultation in the government processes • Skills training programs and support system including access to capital, market, transport, on small business management • Improve governance and reduce corruption

Appendix I continued

	<i>Fiji Islands</i>	<i>RMI</i>	<i>FSM</i>	<i>PNG</i>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strengthen capacity of local government and community organisations in project design, proposal writing and project management; • Provide leadership and management training for Councilors and communities; • Improve information dissemination on available assistance and programs to all levels, including local community organizations. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Industry orientation to focus on downstream processing and agriculture activities to support food security. • Support promotion of awareness on family planning and consequences of teenage pregnancies • Improve rural service delivery to address increasing migration trend • Extend teacher and health workers' services to include information dissemination. • Strengthen partnership between government, donor, and NGO groups
Additional Urban Priorities		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Investigate public funding and/or loan schemes to support home improvements in the urban areas. 		
Additional Rural Priorities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improved access to markets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide outer island residents with more regular and frequent field trips; 		

Appendix 1 continued

	<i>Fiji Islands</i>	<i>RMI</i>	<i>FSM</i>	<i>PNG</i>
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support the development of locally-based handicraft centres (particularly on the outer islands), to include training, financial support and marketing etc • Invest in the necessary infrastructure to support new and existing economic activities, such as regular fieldtrips, improved transportation and telecommunications infrastructure, banking and other financial services to the outer islands. • Enhance levels of consultation between outer island communities and government on policies and programmes • Improve co-ordination between government agencies involved in outer island service delivery (e.g. the Ministries of Internal Affairs, Education, Health, and the Land Grant Scheme administered by the College of the Marshall Islands) 		



Appendix 2 Poverty Profiles

Cook Islands Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures (1998 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Poverty Line (weekly household expenditure) Head Count Index % Urban Rural Village • Food Poverty Line (rev weekly hh exp) Head Count Index % • US\$1 day Head Count Index % • Poverty Gap Ratio 	12.0	6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVIP • DMC Rank • Foreign Grants as % of GDP (2001) • Exports as % of GDP (2002) • Imports as % of GDP (2002) • Import:Export ratio (2003) • Out-migration Significant • Remittances Significant 	NA NA 6.5 4.9 46.0 0.12:1 Yes Yes
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HDI (1998) PDMC Rank (out of 14) • HPI (1998) PDMC Rank (out of 14) 	0.822 2 6.1 2	7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % (2000) • CGER % (2000/01) • Budget Expenditure on Education % of GDP (2001/02) • Primary Education % of total (2000) 	100.0 77.4 5.2 50.6
3. Inequality Measures (1998 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient Household Income Per Capita Income • Expenditure Ratio (H25/L25) • Average household weekly income H25 L25 	3.25	8. Primary Health and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth (2002) Male/Female • Infant Mortality Rate (2003) • Pop'n access to safe water % (2000) • Population per Doctor (2000) • TB cases per 100,000 pop (2002) • Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2001) • Budget Expenditure on Health % of GDP (2001/02) Per capita (2001/02) US\$ 	71.6 69.2/74.2 13.4 100.0 1,335 55 92.0 4.6 220

Cook Islands (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

4. Population and Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population (2001 census) 18,027 • Population Net Growth Rate Annual average (1991-2001) -0.3 • Dependency Ratio % (2001 census) 68.6/57.8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Working age: 15-59 yrs / 15-64 yrs • Average Household Size (1995) 5.1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urban Area Rural • Average Household Size (1998 HIES) 4.4 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor 4.8 Non-Poor 3.8 	9. Gender Issues <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GDI • PDMC Rank • Total Fertility Rate (2002) 3.2 • Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (1997) 53.0 • Maternal Mortality Rate (2000) 0.0 • Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M) 5.0 • Female Literacy Rate % 100.0 • Female CGER % (2000/01) 77.3 • Women in paid employment % (1996) 34.0 • Women in Government (# of seats), 1996 1
5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth Rate 1995-2002 % pa 6.5 • GDP per capita 2002, NZ\$ 10,537 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Factor Cost (2000 prices) 12,005 Current Market Prices • Sectoral Share (% GDP at 2000 prices) 13.0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agriculture & Fishing (2002) 9.1 Secondary (2002) 77.9 Tertiary (2002) 1.5 • Inflation (2003) annual average % 0.65470 • US\$ Exchange Rate per NZ\$ (31/12/03) 7.0 • % of Labor Force in subsistence • Debt Servicing % of GDP (FY2000) 	10. Governance 30.0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Public Service % Employment (1996) • Govt Current Exp. % (2001/02) 13.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Education 11.7 Health 2.8 Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing • Private Sector % of GDP (2001) • Participation in Local Govt Budget No • Published Economic Strategy/ Plan Yes • Democratically Elected National Govt • Democratically Elected Local Govt Yes • Ombudsman

Federated States of Micronesia
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures (1998 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Basic Needs Poverty Line (annual per capita expenditure) US\$767.58 Head Count Index – national % Yap 27.9 Chuuk 14.4 Pohnpei 32.9 Kosrae 29.5 Kosrae 12.3 • Food Poverty Line (annual per capita exp) US\$437.00 Head Count Index - national % • US\$1/US\$2 day Head Count Index % 5.2/19.7 • Poverty Gap Ratio 51% 	5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth 1993/94–2001/02 % pa 0.1 • GDP per capita 2001/02 US\$2084 Constant 1998 prices US\$2238 Current Prices • Sectoral Share (% GDP factor cost 2002) Agriculture & Fishing 35.3 Secondary 30.1 Tertiary 14.5 • Inflation (end 2002) annual average % 0.0 • US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/03) US\$1.0 • % of Labor Force in subsistence (2000) 28.4 • Debt Servicing % of GDP (FY2002/03) 1.1
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HDI (1998) 0.569 PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 8 • HPI (1998) 26.7 PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 10 	6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI NA • PDMC Rank NA • Foreign Cash Grants % of GDP – FY 2002 41.8 • Exports as % of GDP – FY 2002 6.9 • Imports as % of GDP – FY 2002 40.2 • Import:Export ratio (2002) 5.8:1 • Out-migration Significant Yes • Remittances Significant No
3. Inequality Measures (1998 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient HH Income – FSM Yap 0.41 Chuuk 0.34 Pohnpei 0.36 Kosrae 0.42 Kosrae 0.41 • Average household income per annum H20 US\$25,996 L20 US\$2,923 • Income Ratio (H20/L20) 8.9 • Expenditure Ratio (H20/L20) 4.4 	7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % (2000) 92.4 • CGER % (2000) Primary/Secondary 92.3/72.3 • Budget Expenditure on Education % of GDP (2001/02) 9.6 per pupil US\$693
4. Population and Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population (2003 estimate) 108,000 • Pop'n Net Growth Rate % pa 1994 - 2003 0.25% • Dependency Ratio % (2000) 85.0 • Ave. Household Size (2000 census), FSM Yap 6.8 Chuuk 5.5 Pohnpei 7.7 Kosrae 6.1 Kosrae 7.1 • HH size Poor/Non-Poor 8.4/6.2 	8. Primary Health and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth (2000 census) Male/Female 67.0 • Infant Mortality Rate (2000) 66.5/67.6 • Pop'n access to safe water % (2000) 40.0 (2000) 50 • Population per Doctor (2000) 2277 • TB cases per 100,000 pop (2000) 78.0

Federated States of Micronesia (continued)

Summary Poverty Profile

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2000) • Health Expenditure (2001/02) % of GDP Per capita 	83 5.4 US\$116	10. Governance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • % Employment (2000) Public Service • Govt. Current Expenditure % (2001/02) Education Health • Private Sector % of GDP (2001/02) • Participation in Govt. Budget 1 year • Published Economic Strategy/ Plan • Democratically Elected National Govt. • Democratically Elected State/ Local Govt. • Ombudsman 	49.8 17.6 9.8 65.3 No No Yes Yes No
9. Gender Issues <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total Fertility Rate (2000)§ • Contraceptive Prevalence Rate % (1998) • Maternal Mortality Rate (1999) • Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M) • Female Literacy Rate % (2000) • Female CGER % (2000) Primary/Secondary • Women in paid employment % (2000) • Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004) 	4.4 45.0 274 1 year 91.9 92.9/76.7 33.1 0/14		

Fiji Islands
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures (1990/91 HIES)			
• National Poverty Line (weekly household expenditure)	F\$83.00	• GDP per capita 2001	US\$1315
Head Count Index %	25.5	Factor Cost (1989 prices)	US\$1920
Urban	27.6	Current Market Prices	
Rural Village	22.4	• Sectoral Share (% GDP factor cost 2001)	16.6
• Food Poverty Line (rev weekly hh exp)	F\$54.55	Agriculture & Fishing	26.6
Head Count Index %	9.92	Secondary	56.8
• US\$1 day Head Count Index %	5.0	Tertiary	1.6
• Poverty Gap Ratio	0.32	• Inflation (end 2002) annual average %	2.00
		• US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/02)	22
		• % of Labor Force in subsistence (1996)	3.0
		• Debt Servicing % of GDP (FY2001)	
2. Development Progress Indicators			
• Global HDR (2001)	0.754		
• HDR Rank (out of 175 countries)	81		
• HDI (1998)	0.667	6. Vulnerability Indicators	
PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs)	3	• CVI	8.888
• HPI (1998)	8.5	PDMC Rank (out of 7 PDMCs)	3
PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs)	4	• Foreign Grants as % of GDP – 2001	13.2
		• Exports as % of GDP – 2001	34.8
		• Imports as % of GDP – 2001	51.5
3. Inequality Measures (1990/91 HIES)		• Import:Export ratio	1.48:1
• GINI Coefficient		• Out-migration Significant	Yes
Household Income	0.46	• Remittances Significant	No
Per Capita Income	0.49		
• Income Ratio (H20/L20)	9.8		
• Average household weekly income		7. Basic Education	
H10	F\$164.70	• Adult Literacy Rate % (2000)	93.2
L10	F\$11.10	• CGER % (1996)	81
		• Budget Expenditure on Education % of GDP (2002)	5.3
4. Population and Household		Primary Education % of total	50.8
• Population (2002 estimate)	802,000		
• Population Net Growth Rate		8. Primary Health and Nutrition (1996)	
Annual average (1990 – 2000)	0.6%	• Life Expectancy at Birth	US\$ 66.6
• Dependency Ratio % (1996)	68.0	Male/Female	64.5/68.7
• Average Household Size (1996 census)	5.2	• Infant Mortality Rate (2001)	16.2
Urban Area	5.3	• Pop'n access to safe water % (1996)	77
Rural	5.0	• Population per Doctor (1999)	4029
• Average Household Size (HIES)	5	• TB cases per 100,000 pop (2000)	0.2
Poor	4.1	• Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2001)	95
Non-Poor	6.0	• Budget Expenditure on Health (2002)	
5. The Economy			
• Real GDP Growth Rate 1990–2000 % pa	2.8		

Fiji Islands (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

8. Primary Health and Nutrition (1996) contd. % of GDP Per capita (2002)	 2.7 70	10. Governance • Public Service % Employment (1996) • Govt Current Expenditure % (2002) Education Primary Health Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing • Private Sector % of GDP (2001) • Participation in Local Govt Budget • Published Economic Strategy/Plan • Democratically Elected National Govt • Democratically Elected Local Govt • Ombudsman	 22 17.1 8.7 8.6 3.6 75 No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
9. Gender Issues • GDI PDMC Rank • Total Fertility Rate (1996) • Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (2001) • Maternal Mortality Rate (2001) • Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M) • Female Literacy Rate % • Female CGER % (1996) • Women in paid employment % (2002) • Women in Govt (# of seats) (2002)	0.755 1 3.3 43.7 29.0 4.2 91.2 83 3 14/70		

Kiribati
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures (1996)			
• South Tarawa Poverty Line (A\$)	750	• Sectoral Shares (as % of GDP 2000)	
Head Count Index %	51	• Agriculture & Fishing	13.0
• Outer Island Poverty Line (A\$)	201	• Secondary	5.3
Head Count Index %	50	• Tertiary	81.7
• US\$1 day 1993 PPP for 1996	A\$540	• Inflation 2001 %	6.0
Head Count Index %	38	• US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/01)	A\$1.7
• Poverty Gap Ratio		• % of Labor Force in subsistence	570.0
		• Debt Servicing as % of GDP	0.5
2. Development Progress Indicators		6. Vulnerability Indicators	
• HDI (1998)	0.515	• CVI	5.082
• PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs)	10	• PDMC Rank (out of 7 PDMCs)	7
• HPI (1998)	12.6	• Foreign Grants as % of GDP – 2000	24.3
• PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs)	8	• Exports as % of GDP – 2000	12.8
3. Inequality Measures (1996 HIES)		• Imports as % of GDP – 2000	85.6
• GINI Coefficient	NA	• Export Import ratio	1:8.5
• Income Ratio (H20/L20)		• Out-migration Significant	No
• South Tarawa	5.7	• Remittances Significant	Yes
• Outer Islands	20.5	7. Basic Education	
• Average per capita expenditure A\$ pa		• Adult Literacy Rate % (1995)	92
• H20 South Tarawa	1765	• CGER % (2000)	121.3
• L20 South Tarawa	309	• Expenditure on Education (2001) As % of GDP	20.5
• H20 Outer Islands	1952	• Per Pupil A\$	620
• L20 Outer Islands	95	8. Primary Health and Nutrition	
4. Population and Household (2000 Census)		• Life Expectancy at Birth (2000)	62.8
• Population	84,494	• Male/Female	58.2/67.3
• Population Net Growth Rate Annual average (1995 – 2000)	1.7	• Infant Mortality Rate	43
• Dependency Ratio % (2000)	76.0	• Pop'n with access to safe water %	76
• Average Household Size	6.7	• Population per Doctor	3,700
• South Tarawa	8.1	• Reported TB cases per 100,000 pop	39.0
• Outer Islands	5.9	• Immunization Coverage (DPT)	72
• Average Household Size		• Expenditure on Health (2001)As % of GDPPer capita A\$	12.7
• Poor South Tarawa (Below PL)	11.7		122
• Non-Poor S Tarawa (Above PL)	7.7	9. Gender Issues (2000)	
5. The Economy		• GDI	NA
• Real GDP Growth Rate 1991 – 2000	3.70	• PDMC Rank	NA
• GDP per capita 2000 Constant 1991 Prices	US\$386	• Total Fertility Rate (1995)	4.5
• Current Prices	US\$500	• Contraceptive Prevalence Rate %	28
		• Maternal Mortality Rate	56
		• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M)	9.1
		• Female Literacy Rate % (1995)	91

Kiribati (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

• Female CGER %	127.1	• Agriculture & Fishing 2001 %	4.2
• Women in paid employment %	37	• Education exp on Primary (2001)	47
• Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004)	2/42	• Private Sector % of GDP	45
		• Public Sector Employment	25
10. Governance		• Participation in Local Govt Budget	Yes
• Public Sector % Formal Employment (2000)	68.3	• Published Economic Strategy/Plan	Yes
• Government Recurrent Expenditure		• Democratically Elected National Govt	Yes
Education 2001 %	23.4	• Democratically Elected Local Govt	Yes
Health 2001 %	16.1	• Ombudsman	No

Marshall Islands
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Poverty Line Head Count Index % • US\$1 day 1993 PPP in 1999 Head Count Index - Outer Islands • Poverty Gap Ratio • Poverty Severity Index 	Not yet available	Agriculture & Fishing	69.0
	US\$1.19	Secondary	1.7
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HDI (1998) • HPI (1998) • PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 	0.563	Tertiary	US\$1
	9	Inflation end 2001 %	20.0
3. Inequality Measures (1999) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient • Household Income Ratio (H25/L25) • Average HH Income – National • Average HH Income – Outer Islands 	N/A	US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/01)	25.5
	22:1	• % of Labor Force in subsistence (1999)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average HH Income – National • Average HH Income – Outer Islands 	US\$27,821	• Debt Servicing % of GDP (2000/01)	
	US\$1,258		
4. Population and Households (1999 Census) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population ('000), 1999/2002 est. • Population Net Growth Rate • Dependency Ratio % • Average Household Size (census) • Average Household Size 	50.9/53.1		
	1.5		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor • Non-Poor 	11+		
	< 8		
5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth 97/98–00/01 % pa • GDP per capita 2000/01 • Sectoral Shares 	0.6		
	US\$1187		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total Fertility Rate (1999) • Contraceptive Prevalence % (2000) 	13.8		
	16.0		
6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI • Foreign Grants % of GDP – 2000/01 • Exports % of GDP - 2000/01 • Imports % of GDP - 2000/01 • Import:Export ratio - 2000/01 • Out-migration Significant • Remittances Significant 			N/A
			N/A
7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % (1999) • CGER % (2001) • Expenditure on Education (2000/01) 			59.9
			10.0
8. Primary Health and Nutrition (1999) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth • Infant Mortality Rate ('000 births) • Pop'n with access to safe water % • Population per Doctor (2002) • TB cases per 100,000 pop (2001) • Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2000) • Expenditure on Health (2000/01)% of GDP 			48.1
			4.8 :1
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Per Pupil all schools 			Yes
			No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Per capita 2000/01 			11.3
			US\$522
9. Gender Issues <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GDI • PDMC Rank 			US\$204
			N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Current Prices 			N/A
			5.7
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Constant 1991 Prices 			37

Marshall Islands (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

• Maternal Mortality Rate (per 100,000 births, 2000)	0.0	Education	21.0
• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M)	3.7 years	Health	10.8
• Female Literacy Rate %	98.4	Agriculture & Fishing	4.7
• Female CGER % (1999)	72	• Primary Education expenditure (2000/01) % of total	43.0
• Women in paid employment %	30.6	• Private Sector % of GDP	64.0
• Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004)	1/33	• Participation in Local Govt Budget	No
10. Governance		• Published Economic Strategy/Plan	Yes
• % of Formal Employment (1999) Public Service		• Democratically Elected National Govt	Yes
• Current Expenditure % (2000/01)	24	• Democratically Elected Local Govt	Yes
		• Ombudsman	No

Nauru
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Poverty Line <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Head Count Index % Urban Rural • Food Poverty Line <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Head Count Index % • US\$1 day Head Count Index % • Poverty Gap Ratio 		Tertiary <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inflation (end 2003) annual average % • US\$ Exchange Rate per A\$ (31/12/03) • % of Labor Force in subsistence • Debt Servicing % of GDP 	0.7494 8
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HDI (1998) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PDMC Rank (out of 14) • HPI (1998) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PDMC Rank (out of 14) 	0.663 4 12.1 7	6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI • PDMC Rank • Foreign Grants as % of GDP • Exports as % of GDP (1996) • Imports as % of GDP (1996) • Import:Export ratio • Out-migration Significant • Remittances Significant 	NA NA 7.9 7.0 0.9:1 No No
3. Inequality Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient • Income Ratio (H20/L20) • Average household weekly income <ul style="list-style-type: none"> H20 L20 		7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % • CGER % (1998/99) • Budget Expenditure on Education % of GDP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary Educ. % of total (2000) 	69.9 45.6
4. Population and Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population (2003 estimate) • Population Net Growth Rate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual average (1990–2000) • Dependency Ratio % (2002) • Average Household Size (1992 census) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urban Area Rural • Average Household Size (HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor Non-Poor 	12,100 2.0 68.0 10.0	8. Primary Health and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth (2002) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Male/Female • Infant Mortality Rate (1999) • Pop'n access to safe water % • Population per Doctor (1995) • TB cases per 100,000 pop (2002) • Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2001) • Budget Expenditure on Health (2001) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> % of GDP Per capita US\$ 	62.7 59.7/66.5 25.0 650 30.0 95.0 6.6 521
5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth Rate 1990–2000 % pa • GDP per capita 1996, A\$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Constant (1989 prices) Current Market Prices • Sectoral Share (% GDP at 1989 prices) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agriculture & Fishing Secondary 	35,144	9. Gender Issues <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GDI <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PDMC Rank • Total Fertility Rate (2002) • Contraceptive Prevalence Rate • Maternal Mortality Rate (1994) • Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M) • Female Literacy Rate % 	3.9 0.0 6.8 71.4

Nauru (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Female CGER % (1998/99) • Women in paid employment % • Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004) 	0/18	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	
10. Governance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Public Service % Employment • Govt Current Expenditure % 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Private Sector % of GDP • Participation in Local Govt Budget • Published Economic Strategy/Plan • Democratically Elected National Govt • Democratically Elected Local Govt • Ombudsman 	No Yes Yes No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Education (2000/01) Primary Health (2001) 	7.0 3.2 9.1		

Palau
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Poverty <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Head Count Index % <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urban Rural • Food Poverty Line <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Head Count Index % • US\$1 day Head Count Index % • Poverty Gap Ratio 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inflation (2001) annual average % 2.1 • US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/03) 1.0 • % of Labor Force in subsistence (2000) 8.4 • Debt Servicing % of GDP (FY2001/02) 	
		6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI NA • PDMC Rank NA • Foreign Grants as % of GDP (FY2001/02) 17.4 • Exports as % of GDP (FY2001/02) 18.3 • Imports as % of GDP (FY2001/02) 82.3 • Import:Export ratio 5:1 • Out-migration Significant No • Remittances Significant 	
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HDI (1998) 0.861 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 1 • HPI (1998) 10.8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 6 			
3. Inequality Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient • Income Ratio (H20/L20) • Average household weekly income <ul style="list-style-type: none"> H20 L20 			
4. Population and Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population (2003 estimate) 20,304 • Population Net Growth Rate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual average (1990–2000) • Dependency Ratio % (2000 census) 2.4 • Average Household Size (2000 census) 41.4 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urban 4.6 Rural 4.8 • Average Household Size (HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor 4.2 Non-Poor 			
5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Current GDP Growth 1990–2000 % pa^a 0/16 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4.3 • GDP per capita US\$, 2001 Constant (June 2000 prices) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Current Market Prices 6,039 • Sectoral Share (% GDP current, 2001) 6,157 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agriculture & Fishing 4.0 Secondary 12.6 Tertiary 83.3 			
		7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % (2001) 98.0 • CGER % (2000/01) 96.0 • Budget Expenditure on Education % of GDP (FY2001/02) 5.2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary Education % of total (2000) 33.7 	
		8. Primary Health and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth (2000 census) Male/Female 70.5 66.6/74 • Infant Mortality Rate (2001) .5 • Pop'n access to safe water % (2000) 16.7 • Population per Doctor (2001) 83.6 • TB cases per 100,000 pop (2002) 935 • Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2001) 130 • Budget Expenditure on Health % of GDP (FY2001/02) 86.0 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Per capita (FY2001/02) US\$ 5.9 388 	
		9. Gender Issues <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GDI 1.5 • PDMC Rank 28.9 • Total Fertility Rate (2000 census) 0.0 	7.9

Palau (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

• Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (1998)	96.2	• Govt Current Expenditure % Education (FY2001)	14.2
• Maternal Mortality Rate (1998)	37.9	• Primary Health (FY2001)	16.3
• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M)		• Agriculture (FY2001)	11.5
• Female Literacy Rate %		• Private Sector % of GDP (2001)	
• Female CGER % (2000/01)	0.5	• Participation in Local Govt Budget	Yes
• Women in paid employment % (2000)		• Published Economic Strategy/Plan	Yes
• Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004)		• Democratically Elected National Govt	No
10. Governance		• Democratically Elected Local Govt	
• Public Service % Employment (2000)	29,2	• Ombudsman	

^a Real GDP and growth rate could not be computed prior to 2000, as CPI was established only in June 2000.

**Papua New Guinea
Summary Poverty Profile**

1. Poverty Measures (1996 DHS) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Poverty Line (kina per adult equivalent per year) Head Count Index % <li style="padding-left: 20px;">Urban <li style="padding-left: 20px;">Rural • Food Poverty Line (kina per adult equivalent per year) Head Count Index % • US\$1 day Head Count Index % • Poverty Gap Ratio % 	461 37.5 16.1 41.3 302 17.0 31.0 33.0	5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth Rate 1990–2000 % pa • GDP per capita 2002, Kina Constant (1998 prices) Current Market Prices • Sectoral Share (% GDP at 1998 prices) Agriculture & Fishing (2002) Secondary (2002) Tertiary (2002) • Inflation (end 2003) annual average % • US\$ Exchange Rate per Kina (31/12/03) • % of Labor Force in subsistence (2000) • Debt Servicing % of GDP (2002) 	4.8 1,740.7 9 2,586.2 5 31.4 33.0 35.6 8.4 0.31000 67.4 10.0
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Global HDR (2001) • HDI (1998) <li style="padding-left: 20px;">PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) • HPI (1998) <li style="padding-left: 20px;">PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 	0.548 132 0.314 14 52.2 14	6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVIP • DMC Rank (out of 7 PDMCs) • Foreign Grants as % of GDP – 2002 • Exports as % of GDP – 2002 • Imports as % of GDP – 2002 • Import:Export ratio • Out-migration Significant • Remittances Significant 	6.308 6 6.2 62.1 33.7 0.6:1 No No
3. Inequality Measures (1996 DHS) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient • Income Ratio (H20/L20) • Average household annual consumption (kina per adult equivalent, real prices) H25 L25 	0.484 12.6 2,127 258	7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % (2000) • CGER % (1999/2000) • Budget Expenditure on Education % of GDP (2002) Primary Education % of total (2000) 	56.2 54.0 2.3 65.5
4. Population and Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population (2003 estimate, in millions) • Population Net Growth Rate % Annual average (1990 – 2000) • Dependency Ratio % (2000) • Average Household Size (2000 census) Urban Rural • Average Household Size (1996 DHS) Poor Non-Poor 	5.617 3.2 73.5 5.1 6.0 5.0 6.6 5.4	8. Primary Health and Nutrition (1996) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth Male/Female • Infant Mortality Rate • Pop'n access to safe water % • Population per Doctor • TB cases per 100,000 pop (2002) • Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2001) 	54.0 54.6/53 .5 73.0 42.0 17,210 543

Papua New Guinea (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

• Budget Expenditure on Health % of GDP (2002) Per capita (2000) US\$	48.0 1.3 19.0	10. Governance	
9. Gender Issues (1996)		• Public Service % Employment	
• GDI (2001)	0.544	• Govt Current Expenditure % (2002)	10.0
Global Rank (out of 144 countries)	106	Education	
• Total Fertility Rate	4.8	Primary	5.7
• Contraceptive Prevalence Rate	25.9	Health	2.3
• Maternal Mortality Rate	370.0	Agriculture (1999)	
• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M)	-1.1	• Private Sector % of GDP (2001)	Yes
• Female Literacy Rate % (2000)	50.9	• Participation in Local Govt Budget	Yes
• Female CGER % (1999/2000)	50.8	• Published Economic Strategy/Plan	Yes
• Women in paid employment % (2000)	5.3	• Democratically Elected National Govt	Yes
• Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004)	1/109	• Democratically Elected Local Govt	Yes
		• Ombudsman	

Samoa
Summary Poverty Indicators

1. Poverty Measures (2002 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Needs Poverty Line (per capita weekly expenditure) - National Head Count Index % Apia • Head Count Index % Savaii • Food Poverty Line (per capita weekly exp) -National Head Count Index % - National Head Count Index % - Apia Head Count Index % - Savaii • US\$1 day (1993 PPP in 2002) Head Count Index % • Poverty Gap Index 	SAT 37.49 20.3 SAT 41.09 23.0 SAT 31.90 15.9 SAT24.68 7.6 5.6 9.8 5.5 6.6	5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth Rate 1995–2001 % pa • GDP per capita 2001 Constant 1994 Prices Current Prices • Sectoral Shares (as % of GDP 2001) Agriculture & Fishing Secondary Tertiary • Inflation (end 2001) % • US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/01) • % of Labor Force in subsistence (2001) • Debt Servicing as % of GDP (FY2001/02) 	4.7 US\$1140 US\$1376 17.4 24.8 57.8 4.0 .2816 49 1.9 1.9
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HDI (2001) Global Rank (out of 175 countries) • HDI (PHDR 1998) PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) • HPI (PHDR 1998) PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 	0.775 70 0.590 6 8.6 5	6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI • PDMC Rank • Foreign Grants as % of GDP – 2001 • Exports as % of GDP – 2001 • Imports as % of GDP – 2001 • Import:Export ratio • Out-migration Significant • Remittances Significant 	7.371 5 10.8 6.2 52.3 8.5:1 Yes Yes
3. Inequality Measures (2002) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient – National Apia Savaii • Expenditure Ratio (H20/L20) • Average Per Capita Weekly Exp H20 L20 	0.43 0.40 0.41 8.1 SAT1348.35 SAT166.27	7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % • CGER % • Current budget expenditure on Education (FY2001/02) % of GDP • Per Pupil all schools SAT (FY1999/00) 	96 86 4.9 570
4. Population and Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population (2001 Census) • Population Net Growth Rate Annual average (1991 – 2001) • Dependency Ratio % (2001) • Average Household Size (2001 Census) Apia Urban Area Savaii • Average Household Size (2002 HIES) Poor Non-Poor 	176,848 0.9 90.0 7.7 7.3 7.8 7.0 5.8 9.1	8 Primary Health and Nutrition (2001) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth pop (1997/98) male/female • Infant Mortality Rate (1000 births) • Pop'n with access to safe water % • Population per Doctor • Reported TB cases per 100,000 pop 	68.4 65.4/71 .9 17 90 3,150 22

Samoa (continued)
Summary Poverty Indicators

• Immunization Coverage (DPT)	95	10. Governance	
• Expenditure on Health (FY2001/02) As % of GDP	4.0 195	• % of Formal Employment (2001) Public Service	22
Per capita SAT (FY2001/02)		SOEs	10
9. Gender Issues		• % of Government Current Expenditure	22.6
• GDI	NA	Education (FY 2001/02)	18.8
PDMC Rank	NA	Health	5.9
• Total Fertility Rate (2000)	4.3	Agriculture & Fishing	85
• Contraceptive Prevalence Rate %	31	• Private Sector % of GDP (2001)	NA
• Maternal Mortality Rate (per 100000 births, 2000)	30	• Public Service Pay (% median wage)	No Yes
• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F- M)	6.5 96	• Participation in Local Govt Budget	Yes
• Female Literacy Rate %	88	• Published Economic Strategy/Plan	No
• Female CGER %	37	• Democratically Elected National Govt	Yes
• Women in paid employment %	3/49	• Democratically Elected Local Govt	
• Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004)		• Ombudsman	

Solomon Islands
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Poverty Line <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Head Count Index % <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urban Rural • Food Poverty Line <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Head Count Index % • US\$1 day Head Count Index % • Poverty Gap Ratio 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sectoral Share (% GDP at 1985 prices) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agriculture & Fishing (2002) Secondary (2002) Tertiary (2002) • Inflation (end 2003) annual average % • US\$ Exchange Rate per SBD (31/12/03) • % of Labor Force in subsistence • Debt Servicing % of GDP (1999) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 33.3 8.3 58.3 3.9 0.13590 1.0
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Global HDR (2001) • HDI (1998) • PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) • HPI (1998) • PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0.632 123 0.371 13 49.1 13 	6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI • PDMC Rank (out of 7 PDMCs) • Foreign Grants as % of GDP – 2002 • Exports as % of GDP – 2002 • Imports as % of GDP – 2002 • Import:Export ratio (2002) • Out-migration Significant • Remittances Significant 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8.398 4 7.1 25.5 28.6 1.1:1 No No
3. Inequality Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient • Income Ratio (H20/L20) • Average household weekly income <ul style="list-style-type: none"> H20 L20 		7. Basic Education (1999 census) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % • CGER % • Budget Expenditure on Education % of GDP (2001) • Primary Education % of total 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 76.6 56.3 8.0
4. Population and Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population (2003 estimate) • Population Net Growth Rate % Annual average (1990–2000) • Dependency Ratio % (1999) • Average Household Size (1999 census) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urban Area Rural • Average Household Size (HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor Non-Poor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 457,000 2.9 81.6 6.3 	8. Primary Health and Nutrition (1999) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth Male/Female • Infant Mortality Rate • Pop'n access to safe water % • Population per Doctor • TB cases per 100,000 pop (2001) • Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2001) • Budget Expenditure on Health % of GDP (2001) • Per capita (1996) US\$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 60.6/61.6 61.1 66.0 68.5 9,513 52.0 78.0 5.9 8.0
5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth Rate 1996–2002 % pa • GDP per capita, 2002 (SDB) Constant (1985 prices) Current Market Prices 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -3.4 586.4 3437.7 	9. Gender Issues (1999 census) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GDI (National HDR)PDMC Rank • Total Fertility Rate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0.596 4.8

Solomon Islands (continued)

Summary Poverty Profile

• Contraceptive Prevalence Rate	7.0	Primary	
• Maternal Mortality Rate (1997)	209	Health	11.3
• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M)	1	Agriculture	3.4
• Female Literacy Rate %	69.0	• Private Sector % of GDP (2001)	
• Female CGER %	54.3	• Participation in Local Govt Budget	Yes
• Women in paid employment %	14.6	• Published Economic Strategy/Plan	Yes
• Women in Government (# of seats)	1/49	• Democratically Elected National Govt	Yes
10. Governance		• Democratically Elected Local Govt	Yes
• Public Service % Employment		• Ombudsman	
• Govt Current Expenditure % (2002) Education	20.4		

Timor Leste
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures (2001 TLSS) • National Poverty Line Head Count Index % Urban Rural • Food Poverty Line Head Count Index % • US\$1 day Head Count Index % • Poverty Gap Ratio % • Poverty Severity Index %		• Sectoral Share (% GDP at 1996 prices)	28.8
	39.7	Agriculture & Fishing (2000 proj.)	49.8
	25.0	Secondary (2000 proj.)	20.0
	44.0	Tertiary (2000 proj.)	0.0001
		• Inflation (CPI Dili, 2000) annual ave. %	18
	39.5	• US\$ Exchange Rate per rupiah (31/12/03)	21.2
	20.0	• % of Labor Force in subsistence (2001)	
	11.9	• Debt Servicing % of GDP	
	4.9		
2. Development Progress Indicators • HDI (1999) PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) • HPI (1999) PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs)	0.395		
	12		
3. Inequality Measures (2001 TLSS) • GINI Coefficient Urban Rural • Income Ratio (H20/L20) • Average monthly consumption per capita ('000 rupiah) H20 L20	49.0	6. Vulnerability Indicators • CVI	NA
	12	PDMC Rank	NA
		• Foreign Grants as % of GDP	
	0.354	• Exports as % of GDP	
	0.371	• Imports as % of GDP	
	0.323	• Import:Export ratio	
	6.58	• Out-migration Significant	Yes
		• Remittances Significant	No
		7. Basic Education (2001) • Adult Literacy Rate %	43.0
	916.1	• CGER %	56.1
95.9	• Budget Expenditure (CFET) on Education (2002) % of GDP	4.1	
4. Population and Household • Population (2003 estimate) • Population Net Growth Rate Annual average (1990–2001) • Dependency Ratio % (2001) • Average Household Size (2001) Urban Rural • Average Household Size (HIES) Poor Non-Poor	830,000	Primary Education % of total	54.0
	0.6	8. Primary Health and Nutrition (2001) • Life Expectancy at Birth Male/Female	57.4 55.6/59.2
	82.2	• Infant Mortality Rate	80.1
	5.1	• Pop'n access to safe water %	50.0
	4.9	• Population per Doctor	NA
	5.2	• TB cases per 100,000 pop (1999)	5,743
		• Immunization Coverage (DPT)	
		• Budget Expenditure (CFET) on Health	9.0
		% of GDP (2002)	1.6
		Per capita (2002) US\$	7.3
5. The Economy • Real GDP Growth Rate 1995–2001 % pa • GDP per capita (2001 proj.), US\$ Constant (1996 prices) Current Market Prices	2.4		
	478.0		
	21.3		

Tonga
Summary Poverty Profile

1 Poverty Measures (2000/01 HIES)		• Sectoral Share (% GDP factor cost 2002)	60	
	• National Basic Needs Poverty Line (annual household expenditure)	T\$8061	Agriculture & Fishing	27.7
	Head Count Index – national %		Secondary	15.8
	Nuku'alofa	22.3	Tertiary	56.5
	Rest of Tongatapu	23.6	• Inflation (end 2002) annual average %	9.7
	Outer Islands	23.4	• US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/02)	0.4590
	• Food Poverty Line (annual hh exp)	22.1	• % of Labor Force in subsistence (1996)	27.6
	Head Count Index – national %	T\$3867	• Debt Servicing % of GDP (FY2002/03)	3.0
	• US\$1/US\$2 day	5.1		
	• Poverty Gap Index	4.0/12.6		
	7.7			
2. Development Progress Indicators		6. Vulnerability Indicators		
• HDI (1998)	0.647	• CVI	10.349	
• PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs)	5	• PDMC Rank	2	
• HPI (1998)	5.9	• Foreign Cash Grants % of GDP – 2001	0.7	
• PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs)	1	• Exports as % of GDP – 2001	55.1	
		• Imports as % of GDP – 2001	10.7 : 1	
		• Import:Export ratio (2001)	Yes	
		• Out-migration Significant	Yes	
		• Remittances Significant		
3. Inequality Measures (2000/01 HIES)		7. Basic Education		
• GINI Coefficient	0.42	• Adult Literacy Rate % (2001)	99	
Household Income	0.36	• CGER % (1996)	95	
Household Expenditure	9.7	• Budget Expenditure on Education % of GDP (2001/02)	5.2	
• Income Ratio (H20/L20)	6.9	per pupil	US\$235	
• Expenditure Ratio (H20/L20)	T\$851			
• Average household weekly income				
H20	.20			
L20	T\$88.14			
4. Population and Household		8. Primary Health and Nutrition		
• Population (2002 estimate)	101.00	• Life Expectancy at Birth (1996 census)	68.0	
• Population Net Growth Rate % pa	0	Male/Female	66/70	
• Dependency Ratio % (1996)	0.3	• Infant Mortality Rate (2000)	11.3	
• Average Household Size (1996 census)	88.0	• Pop'n access to safe water % (1996)	84.6	
Urban Area	6.0	• Population per Doctor (2000)	2175	
Rural	6.2	• TB cases per 100,000 pop (2000)	21	
	6.0	• Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2001)	95	
5. The Economy		• Health Expenditure (2001/02) % of GDP	3.5	
• Real GDP Growth 1990/91–2001/02 % pa	2.3	Per capita (2001/02)	US\$48	
• GDP per capita 2001/02	US\$11			
Factor Cost (1995/96 prices)	30			
Current Market Prices	US\$13			

Tonga (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

9. Gender Issues		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Govt Current Expenditure % (2002/03) • Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Of which Primary • Health • Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing • Private Sector % of GDP (2001/02) • Participation in Local Govt Budget • Published Economic Strategy/Plan • Democratically Elected National Govt • Democratically Elected Local Govt • Ombudsman (created 2001) 	
• Total Fertility Rate (2000)	4.3		17.1
• Contraceptive Prevalence Rate % (2000)	32.8		52.0
• Maternal Mortality Rate (1996)	118.3		11.5
• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M)	4		3.5
• Female Literacy Rate %	100		66
• Female CGER %	95		No
• Women in paid employment % (1996)	37.4		Yes
• Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004)	0/30		No
10. Governance			Yes
• % Employment (1996) Public Service	17.7		
• Other SOEs	5.5		

Tuvalu
Summary Poverty Profile

1. Poverty Measures (1994 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Needs Poverty Line (A\$ weekly hh inc)/ Head Count Index % <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National 84.24/29.3 Funafuti 126.9/23.7 Outer Islands 53.35/23.4 • US\$1 day (1993 PPP at end 1994) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Head Count Index %, National A\$1.44 Funafuti 17.2 Outer Islands 9.4 • Poverty Gap Index (Incidence x Depth) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National 22.9 Funafuti 13.3 Outer Islands 10.1 • National <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funafuti 9.9 Outer Islands NA 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average Household Size (1994 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> L25 (Poor) H 75 (Non-Poor) 								
	2. Development Progress Indicators (1998) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HDI 0.583 • PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 7 • HPI 7.3 • PDMC Rank (out of 14 PDMCs) 3 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/02) 0.5556 • % of Labor Force in subsistence (1991) 62.5 • Debt Servicing as % of GDP <1 							
		3. Inequality Measures (1994 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient: National 0.43 • Funafuti/Outer Islands 0.37/0.39 • HH Per Capita Income Ratio (H25/L25) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National 8.4 Funafuti/Outer Islands 7.8/7.4 • Ave Weekly HH per capita Income (A\$) L25 (Poor), <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National 7.87 Funafuti/Outer Islands 11.12/6.60 H75 (Non-Poor), 38.37 National 50.0329.58 Funafuti/Outer Islands 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sectoral Shares (% of GDP 1998) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary 13.4 Secondary 24.6 Tertiary 62.0 • Inflation (end 2002) annual average % 3.5 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GDP (Factor Cost) per capita 2002 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Constant 1988 Prices US\$1037 Current Prices US\$1519 					
			4. Population and Household <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population (2002 census preliminary) 9492 • Population Net Growth Rate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual average % 1991 – 2002 0.4 90.0 • Dependency Ratio % (1991) 6.2 • Average Household Size (1994 HIES) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funafuti 7.0 Outer Islands 5.8 4.7 8.8 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI NA • PDMC Rank NA • Foreign Grants as % of GDP – 2002 23 • Exports as % of GDP – 1998 3 • Imports as % of GDP – 2001 58 • Export:Import ratio 1:20 • Out-migration Significant Increasing • Remittances Significant Yes 					
				5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth Rate 1990–2002 % pa 4.8 • GDP (Factor Cost) per capita 2002 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Constant 1988 Prices US\$1037 Current Prices US\$1519 • Sectoral Shares (% of GDP 1998) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Primary 13.4 Secondary 24.6 Tertiary 62.0 • Inflation (end 2002) annual average % 3.5 • US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/02) 0.5556 • % of Labor Force in subsistence (1991) 62.5 • Debt Servicing as % of GDP <1 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % 95 • CGER % (1998) 87 • As % GDP 29.6 • Per Pupil all schools (2001) US\$1834 				
					6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI NA • PDMC Rank NA • Foreign Grants as % of GDP – 2002 23 • Exports as % of GDP – 1998 3 • Imports as % of GDP – 2001 58 • Export:Import ratio 1:20 • Out-migration Significant Increasing • Remittances Significant Yes 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth (1991) 67 • Female/Male 70/64 • Infant Mortality Rate (2002) 19.2 • Pop'n with access to safe water % (1994) 95 • Population per Doctor (2002) 1600 • Reported TB cases per 100,000 pop Nil 99 			
						7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % 95 • CGER % (1998) 87 • As % GDP 29.6 • Per Pupil all schools (2001) US\$1834 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth (1991) 67 • Female/Male 70/64 • Infant Mortality Rate (2002) 19.2 • Pop'n with access to safe water % (1994) 95 • Population per Doctor (2002) 1600 • Reported TB cases per 100,000 pop Nil 99 		
							8. Primary Health and Nutrition <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth (1991) 67 • Female/Male 70/64 • Infant Mortality Rate (2002) 19.2 • Pop'n with access to safe water % (1994) 95 • Population per Doctor (2002) 1600 • Reported TB cases per 100,000 pop Nil 99 			

Tuvalu (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile

• Immunization Coverage (DPT) (2002)	7.4	10. Governance	
• Expenditure on Health (2001) % of GDP Per capita (2001)	US\$115		• Public Sector % Formal Employment
		• Public Service (TNPf est 2003) SOEs (TNPf est 2003)	12.1 22.2
		• Share in Govt Current Exp % (2001)	5.5 30
9. Gender Issues		• Education	Yes
• GDI	NA	• Health	Yes, but
• PDMC Rank	NA	• Private Sector % GDP (1998)	out of
• Total Fertility Rate (2002)	2	• Participation in Local Govt Budget	date
• Contraceptive Prevalence Rate % (2002)	31.5	• Published Economic Strategy/Plan	Yes
• Maternal Mortality Rate	NA	• Democratically Elected National Govt	Yes No
• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M)	6	• Democratically Elected Local Govt	
• Female Literacy Rate %	95	• Ombudsman	
• Female CGER %	75		
• Women in employment % (2003 TNPf)	35		
• Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004)	0/15		

Vanuatu
Summary Poverty Profile and Indicators

1. Poverty Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Poverty Line • Food Poverty Line • US\$1 day/capita (1993 PPP) = H/H monthly income • % H/H with income < this (1998 HIES) • % rural H/H 	Vt19,125 40 51	Agriculture & Fishing Secondary Tertiary <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inflation (end 2001) % • US\$ Exchange Rate (31/12/01) • Rural Labor Force in subsistence % (1999) • Debt Servicing as % of GDP (FY2002) 	70.3 2.5 135 68 4.5
2. Development Progress Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Global HDI (2001) • Global Rank (out of 175 countries) • Pacific HDI (1998) • Pacific HPI (1998) • PDMC Rank (out of 14) 	0.568 128 0.425 46.4 11	6. Vulnerability Indicators <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CVI • PDMC Rank • Foreign Grants as % of GDP – 2000 • Exports as % of GDP – 2000 • Imports as % of GDP – 2000 • Import:Export ratio • Out-migration Significant • Remittances Significant 	13.295 1 1.2 11.4 34.6 3:1 No No
3. Inequality Measures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GINI Coefficient • Income Ratio (H25/L25) • Average HH Monthly Income (1998 HIES) • H25 • L25 	31 : 1 Vt185,000 Vt5,925	7. Basic Education <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adult Literacy Rate % (1999) • Urban % • Rural % • Current budget expenditure on Education % of GDP (FY2001) • Per Pupil all schools Vt (FY2001) 	75 90 69 5.5
4. Population and Household (1999 Census) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population • Annual Ave Growth Rate % pa 1989 – 99 • Urban growth rate % pa 1989 – 99 • Dependency Ratio %– National Urban/Rural • Average Household Size Urban/Rural • Average Household Size (1998 HIES) Poor/Non-Poor 	186,678 2.7 4.2 91.4 65.2/99.9 5.1 4.9 / 5.2 5.2 / 4.9	8. Primary Health and Nutrition (2001) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life Expectancy at Birth (1999) • Infant Mortality Rate 1999 (per 1000 births) • Pop'n with access to safe water (piped) % Urban / Rural • Population per Doctor • Reported TB cases per 100,000 pop • Immunization Coverage (DPT) % • Expenditure on Health (FY2001) % of GDP Per capita (FY2001) 	76.3/34.7 10,800 70 75 2.8 Vt4,780
5. The Economy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Real GDP Growth Rate 1995–2000 % pa • GDP per capita 2000 Constant 1983 Prices Current Prices • Sectoral Shares (as % of GDP 2000) 	Vt83,610 US\$585 Vt162,370 US\$1137 18.0 11.7		

Vanuatu (continued)
Summary Poverty Profile and Indicators

9. Gender Issues	4.8	10. Governance	
• Total Fertility Rate (1999)	15.0	• % of Formal Employment (2001)	
• Contraceptive Prevalence Rate % (1998)	68	Public Service	26
• Maternal Mortality Rate (per 100000 births, 1998)	3.4	SOEs	
• Life Expectancy Gender Gap (F-M)	50	• Share in Govt Current Expenditure % (2001)	7
• Female Literacy Rate % (1999)	110	Education /of which primary	
• Female CGER primary 6 – 11 years % (1999)	35	Health	26.4/40
• Women in paid employment %	1/52	Agriculture & Fishing	12.4
• Women in Govt (# of seats) (2004)	1.5	• Private Sector % of GDP (2000)	3.6
		• Public Service Wages (% of median wage)	85.4
		• Participation in Local Govt Budget	N/A
		• Published Economic Strategy/Plan	No
		• Democratically Elected National Govt	Soon
		• Democratically Elected Local Govt	Yes
		• Ombudsman	Yes