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Statistics on gender

Table 1. Population and Health; Education by Female/Male

Country	Population and Health				
	Maternal Mortality Rate (per 100,000 live births, 1990)	Life Expectancy at Birth (years), 1994		Adult Literacy Rate (%), 1994	
		Female	Male	Female	Male
Bangladesh	850.0	56.5	56.3	24.3	48.4
Bhutan	1,600.0	53.2	49.8	-	-
Cambodia	900.0	-	-	-	-
China, People's Rep. of	95.0	71.1	66.9	70.9	89.6
Fiji Islands	-	74.1	69.9	89.2	93.7
India	570.0	61.4	61.1	36.1	64.5
Indonesia	650.0	65.3	61.8	77.1	89.4
Kazakhstan	-	72.3	62.6	97.5	97.5
Kyrgyz Republic	-	72.1	63.3	97.0	97.0
Lao PDR	650.0	53.3	50.3	42.7	68.6
Malaysia	80.0	73.5	69.0	77.5	88.2
Maldives	-	61.5	64.2	92.9	93.1
Mongolia	240.0 ^a	65.8	63.0	75.8	87.9
Myanmar	580.0	60.0	56.8	76.8	88.6
Nepal	1,500.0	54.9	55.8	12.8	39.7
Pakistan	340.0	63.3	61.3	23.3	49.0
Papua New Guinea	930.0	57.3	55.8	60.7	79.8
Philippines	280.0	68.9	65.2	93.9	94.8
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	-	-
Sri Lanka	140.0	74.6	70.0	86.9	93.2
Thailand	200.0	72.2	66.8	90.7	95.6
Uzbekistan	-	70.7	64.2	97.2	97.2
Vanuatu	-	-	-	-	-
Viet Nam	160.0	68.1	63.6	89.9	95.7
All developing countries	471.0	63.5	60.6	60.3	78.4

^a UNESCO, 1995. *World Education Report*. Estimated number of adult illiterates (15 years and over) expressed as a percentage of the population in the corresponding age-group.

Education								
Estimated Adult Illiteracy Rate (%), 1995 ^a		Gross Primary Enrollment Ratio (%) 1993 ^b		Gross Secondary Enrollment Ratio (%) 1993 ^b		Combined Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Gross Enrollment Ratio, (%) 1994		
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	
50.6	73.9	83.0	71.0	25.0	12.0	34.0	45.0	
43.8	71.9	31.0	19.0	7.0	2.0	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
10.1	27.3	125.0	116.0	59.0	48.0	55.0	61.0	
6.2	10.7	128.0	127.0	59.0	62.0	78.0	80.0	
34.5	62.3	113.0	90.0	60.0	37.0	47.0	63.0	
10.4	22.0	116.0	113.0	47.0	39.0	59.0	65.0	
0.3	0.5	-	-	-	-	75.0	71.0	
0.3	0.5	-	-	-	-	74.0	71.0	
30.6	55.6	112.0	84.0	27.0	17.0	42.0	58.0	
10.9	21.9	93.0	94.0	58.0	62.0	63.0	61.0	
6.7	7.0	-	-	-	-	70.0	70.0	
11.4	22.8	96.0	100.0	-	-	59.0	45.0	
11.3	22.3	107.0	104.0	23.0	23.0	47.0	48.0	
59.1	86.0	121.0	81.0	47.0	24.0	42.0	68.0	
50.0	75.6	59.0	31.0	29.0	13.0	25.0	50.0	
19.0	37.3	78.0	66.0	15.0	10.0	34.0	41.0	
5.0	5.7	113.0	111.0	71.0	75.0	80.0	75.0	
-	-	99.0	81.0	19.0	12.0	-	-	
6.6	12.8	109.0	105.0	71.0	78.0	68.0	65.0	
4.0	8.4	92.0	88.0	34.0	32.0	53.0	53.0	
0.2	0.4	-	-	-	-	71.0	75.0	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3.5	8.8	105.0	99.0	43.0	40.0	52.0	57.0	
						51.6	60.3	

^b Asian Development Bank. 1995. *Key Indicators of Developing Asian and Pacific Countries*.

^c Ministry of Population Policy and Labor, State Statistical Office, 1993.

Table 2. Economic Activity; Environment by Female/Male

Country	Economic Activity				
	Women's Share of Adult Labor Force (age 15 and above, 1990)	Female Unpaid Family Workers (as % of total, 1990)	Female Economic Activity Rate (as % of male, 1995)	Adult (15+) Economic Activity Rate (%), 1995 ^a	
				Female	Male
Bangladesh	42.0	6.0	76.0	66.0	87.0
Bhutan	39.0	-	66.0	58.0	90.0
Cambodia	54.0	-	104.0	83.0	87.0
China, People's Rep. of	45.0	-	87.0	74.0	86.0
Fiji Islands	23.0	20.0	39.0	32.0	82.0
India	31.0	-	50.0	41.0	85.0
Indonesia	39.0	66.0	65.0	53.0	82.0
Kazakhstan	-	91.0	82.0	60.0	76.0
Kyrgyz Republic	-	-	84.0	60.0	74.0
Lao PDR	47.0	-	86.0	75.0	89.0
Malaysia	-	64.0	59.0	47.0	81.0
Maldives	42.0	29.0	77.0	65.0	83.0
Mongolia	46.0	-	88.0	73.0	84.0
Myanmar	44.0	-	76.0	66.0	88.0
Nepal	40.0	55.0	68.0	57.0	86.0
Pakistan	24.0	33.0	38.0	32.0	85.0
Papua New Guinea	42.0	-	76.0	67.0	87.0
Philippines	37.0	53.0	60.0	48.0	82.0
Solomon Islands	-	-	93.0	82.0	89.0
Sri Lanka	34.0	56.0	54.0	41.0	78.0
Thailand	-	64.0	87.0	74.0	86.0
Uzbekistan	-	-	84.0	61.0	74.0
Vanuatu	31.0	-	-	79.0	89.0
Viet Nam	50.0	-	94.0	75.0	84.0
Developing countries	39.0	48.0	67.0	-	-

^a The *World's Women: Trends and Statistics*, 1997 <http://www.un.org/Depts/unsd/gender/5-1asi.htm>.

^b UNESCO, 1995. *World Education Report*.

^c United Nations, 1995. *The World's Women: Trends and Statistics*.

Economic Activity							Environment	
Percentage Distribution of Labor Force By Sector, 1990 ^b							Estimated Number of Urban Women Affected by Lack of ^c	
Agriculture		Industry		Services		Safe Drinking Water ('000s)	Sanitation Services ('000s)	
Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male			
73.6	59.3	19.1	14.5	7.3	26.2	5,012.0	4,930.0	
98.0	91.6	0.4	1.3	1.6	7.1	15.0	8.0	
78.3	68.7	7.5	7.5	14.2	23.8	-	-	
76.1	69.1	13.3	16.5	10.6	14.4	18,842.0	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
74.3	59.3	14.8	16.6	10.9	24.1	14,129.0	56,517.0	
56.4	54.4	12.5	14.3	31.1	31.3	17,247.0	5,572.0	
15.3	28.1	24.8	37.3	60.0	34.6	-	-	
27.8	35.8	22.5	30.3	49.6	34.0	-	-	
81.0	75.5	5.0	7.4	14.1	16.9	211.0	279.0	
25.6	28.3	22.7	23.4	51.8	48.3	-	-	
28.1	35.3	52.0	16.0	19.9	48.7	-	-	
30.3	33.5	22.0	23.0	47.8	43.5	-	-	
77.5	70.0	8.7	10.7	13.7	19.3	1,089.0	2,594.0	
98.0	90.7	0.1	0.4	1.9	9.0	338.0	655.0	
72.3	45.3	12.8	20.3	14.9	34.3	3,177.0	8,296.0	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
30.8	54.4	13.6	16.3	55.6	29.3	-	2,789.0	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
51.0	47.2	23.0	19.8	26.0	33.0	357.0	572.0	
65.1	63.2	12.2	15.5	22.7	21.3	2,064.0	1,001.0	
35.5	34.5	19.3	30.1	45.3	35.4	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
73.1	69.5	10.9	17.1	16.0	13.4	3,575.0	5,194.0	

Access to safe drinking water, 1990. The World Health Organization (WHO) defines reasonable access to safe drinking water in an urban area as access to piped water or a public standpipe within 200 meters of a dwelling or housing unit.

Access to sanitation services, 1990. WHO defines urban areas with access to sanitation services as urban populations served by connections to public sewers or household systems such as pit privies, pour-flush latrines, septic tanks, or communal toilets.

Figure 1: Earned Income Share (%) 1994 by Selected DMCs

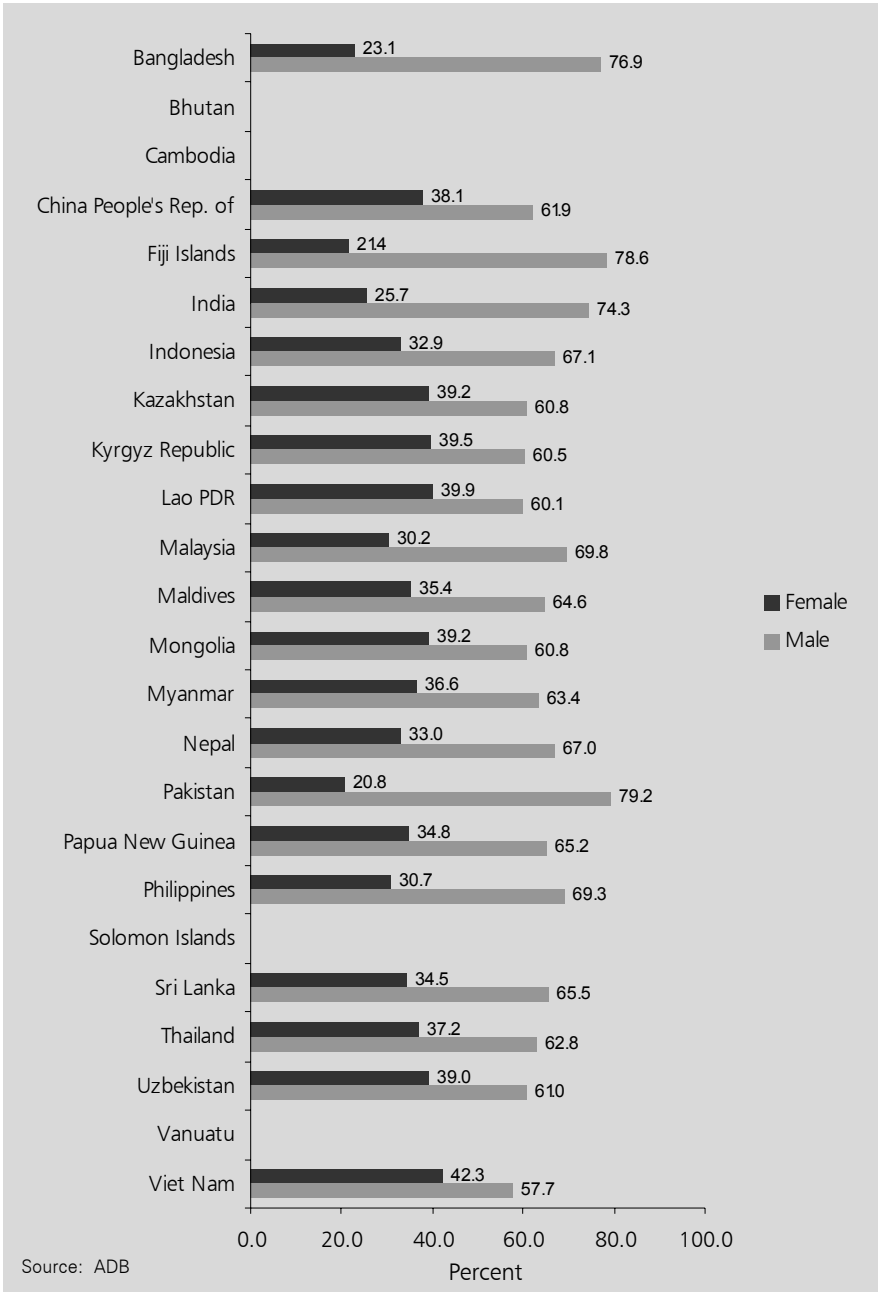


Figure 2: Earned Income Share (%) 1993 by Region

