DEFINITIONS, PRINCIPLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Introduction

1. This Project Administration Instructions (PAIs) define commonly used terms and elaborates on the general principles in the Guidelines on the Use of Consultants by Asian Development Bank and Its Borrowers (Guidelines on Use of Consultants). PAIs 2.02 to 2.07 set forth the specific requirements and procedures in recruiting and managing consulting services. Appendix 1 spells out frequently used abbreviations in the PAIs on consulting services.

B. Definitions

2. In these instructions,

- "ADB Complete Sanctions List" refers to temporary suspension, first violations, second and subsequent violations, sanctions violation while ineligible, debarred entities who are uncontactable and cross debarred entities.
- "ADB Financing" includes financing by loans, grants, technical assistance (TA) grants, or funds from external sources ADB administers, ADB’s internal administrative expense budget, and the special capital expenditure budget.
- "ADB Sanctions" means ADB imposes sanctions on parties that have engaged in fraudulent, corrupt, coercive, collusive or obstructive practices, or other integrity violations. ADB also enforces debarment decisions in accordance with the Agreement for Mutual Enforcement of Debarment Decisions between ADB and other development banks.
- "Borrower" includes agencies or entities that act for the borrower to carry out the project. It also includes recipients of grants for projects, under which the executing agency (EA) administers consulting services.
- "Consultant" is an individual or consulting firm (as defined below) that provides consulting services.
- "Consulting firm" means any private or public entity with the capacity to provide consulting services. Such entities include international and national consulting firms, engineering firms, construction firms, management firms, procurement agents, inspection agents, auditors, United Nations (UN) agencies and other multilateral organizations, universities, research institutions, government agencies, civil society organizations (CSO) and nongovernmental organizations (NGOs), when such entities provide consulting services.
- "Consulting services that ADB administers" refers to the consulting services financed by ADB’s internal administrative expense budget, capital expenditure budget, TA grant, or other grant projects funded from special funds or trust funds, for which ADB selects and engages the consultants. ADB may also hire consultants funded by advance payment from prospective clients in its non-sovereign operations.
- "Consulting services that executing agencies (EAs) administer" refers to the consulting services provided under ADB’s loan projects, grant projects or delegated TA projects, for which the EA selects and engages the consultants.
• “EA” refers to the executing agency, as identified in a financing agreement or TA agreement, which is responsible for the carrying out of a loan, grant or a TA grant-funded project. The term EA may be extended to include an implementing agency (IA) that the EA designates to implement the project and recruit consultants.

• “Equipment” refers to specialized tools/machines/software that are procured and produced in ADB members. Purchase should be supported by at least three quotations and receipt/s.

• “Project unit” refers to an ADB project division, regional office or resident mission that supervises a project.

• “Consulting services unit (CSU)” is a unit located within Procurement Division 2 (PFP2), PPFD that is responsible for the oversight of all aspects of the recruitment of ADB-administered and Borrower-administered consulting services, including contract signing, contract variations, evaluating consultants’ performance, and capacity building of ADB staff, consultants and borrowers on the procurement of consulting services.

• “Procurement Plan” is prepared by the borrower before loan negotiations, in consultation with ADB, and covers goods, works and consulting services for the entire project. For consulting services, the plan presents: (i) particular contract packages, (ii) proposed methods for selecting consulting services and types of proposals, and (iii) overall indicative recruitment schedules and budgets for each consulting contract package. PAI 3.01 provides details on procurement plans.

• “Consultant Recruitment Plan” is prepared by the user unit for each specific consulting service assignment financed by ADB. PAI 2.02 provides details on consultant recruitment plans. For a loan or grant project, other than a TA grant-funded project, the consultant recruitment plan(s) is incorporated in the procurement plan for the project and reflected in the Project Administration Manual (PAM).

• "Recruiting party" refers to the party responsible for selecting and finally signing a contract with the consultant. ADB’s Procurement, Portfolio and Financial Management Department (PPFD) is the recruiting party for TA assignments (except for delegated TAs), staff consultancy assignments and assignments financed by grants administered by ADB. The EA or IA is the recruiting party for loan assignments, grant assignments administered by the EA and assignments for delegated TAs. Under special circumstances, such as when the required capacity is lacking, the EA may request ADB to help recruit consultants. Subsequent PAIs use the term recruiting party when describing rules and procedures applicable to both ADB and EAs.

• "RFP” stands for “Request for Proposals”. The RFP document specifies the criteria for selecting a consulting firm and describes the rules and procedures that consultants must comply with when submitting their proposals.

• “RRP” stands for “Report and Recommendation to the President,” which sets out the terms and conditions of a proposed loan or grant, and seeks approval from ADB’s Board of Directors.

• “Sanctions Screening Portal” is a dedicated internal bank-wide Sanctions Screening Portal where all user units are to undertake the required sanctions screening/checks.

• “Spouse” means: (a) a person to whom a staff member is legally married under the laws of the country where it has been contracted, and under the laws of the staff member’s home country; (b) a person who is in a common law, de facto or spousal relationship with a staff member; or (c) a domestic partner, as recognized by ADB.
- “Terms of reference” (TOR) is a document describing the objectives, scope of work, detailed tasks and reporting requirements for a specific consulting service assignment.
- "User unit" means an ADB division, department, office, resident mission, regional office or representative office, or the EA’s project implementation unit using consulting services, as the case may be.

C. Principles

3. ADB’s policies on recruiting and managing consultants follow six principles:

- Consulting services should be of high quality.
- Engagements should be economical and efficient.
- All eligible consultants should have an equal and fair opportunity to compete for assignments.
- ADB encourages developing and using consultants from developing member countries (DMCs).
- The selection process should be transparent.
- Transactions should be without any corrupt, fraudulent, coercive or collusive practice.

4. Such principles are best served through a competitive process among qualified shortlisted consultants, usually with a selection that is based on the quality and cost of services.

5. ADB and its borrowers’ EAs aim to recruit consultants promptly and effectively by:

- providing a range of recruitment options;
- permitting quick engagements for emergency assignments;
- harmonizing procedures with those of the other major multilateral development banks; and
- monitoring the recruitment process.

D. Anticorruption Policy

6. ADB requires consultants, borrowers, EAs, IAs, and ADB staff to observe the highest standard of ethics when selecting consultants and implementing contracts under ADB-financed and administered projects. If ADB determines that a consultant, EA or IA has acted corruptly, fraudulently, collusively or coercively during selection or implementation, ADB may take any of the steps listed in para 1.23 of the Guidelines on Use of Consultants. Staff should refer allegations of corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive or obstructive behavior to the Office of Anticorruption and Integrity (OAI).

E. Conflict of Interest

7. ADB considers it a conflict of interest when a party has interests that could improperly influence its performance of official duties or responsibilities, contractual obligations or compliance with applicable laws and regulations. A conflict of interest may not, in all cases, in and
of itself, constitute a violation of ADB’s anticorruption and integrity framework and as applicable, the ADB Code of Conduct and Standards (for consultants), if appropriately addressed or mitigated. Conflict of interest can be actual, potential or perceived. If user units identify any actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest at any time, they shall refer the matter to OAI. ADB will address conflicts of interest and may reject a consultant selection if it decides that a conflict of interest has affected the integrity of selection. Para 1.11 of the Guidelines on Use of Consultants describes examples of potential conflicts of interest. Former ADB staff who were previously primarily involved in processing and/or supervising a TA, loan and/or grant project must not be hired to implement assignments under those projects.

8. If an ADB, EA or IA staff who is engaged in the selection of a consultant is faced with a potential conflict of interest, then such staff must immediately disclose this situation. For an EA or IA staff, the disclosure must be made to ADB and to the head of the agency concerned. The EA or IA staff also needs to follow the relevant provisions of the Guidelines on Use of Consultants. For ADB staff, the disclosure must be made to the authorized director of the staff concerned. If the ADB, EA or IA staff is a member of a consultant selection committee (CSC), then the disclosure must also be made to the other members of the committee. If ADB (for EA or IA staff) or the director of the ADB staff concerned (for ADB staff), as the case may be, decides that an actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest exists, then the staff concerned must be excluded from the entire consultant selection process. If the ADB, EA or IA staff is a member of a CSC, then the CSC must decide by a majority vote on whether or not a conflict of interest actually exists, and record such determination in the minutes of the meeting.

F. Avoiding Unfair Competitive Advantage

9. A consultant competing for an assignment should not gain an unfair competitive advantage from having completed a related assignment. To avoid this, ADB and its borrowers provide all the shortlisted consultants with the same information so that no consultant has an unfair advantage. To avoid having to be excluded from competing for the provision of the related services, the consultant must make information, data, and reports available for disclosure to other shortlisted consultants.

G. Consultant Management System (CMS)

10. CMS is an on-line information technology (IT) system that allows PPFD and user units to advertise consulting services opportunities, recruit consultants, manage contracts, and process consultants’ performance evaluation reports. Consultants also use CMS to register in ADB’s consultant database and submit expressions of interest and proposals.

11. PPFD generally requires user units to use CMS for recruiting consulting services that ADB administers.

12. As internet is essential for consulting firms, ADB believes that using CMS will normally not disadvantage any firm in the competitive selection for consulting services. Yet, for special circumstances, such as recruiting national consultants from a remote place that has no internet access in a DMC, PPFD or user units may follow the procedures in PAI 2.04 (para. 2) and may process the recruitment of consultants without using CMS. The recruitment of consultants may
also be done without using CMS when the CMS is not functioning, is experiencing a prolonged technical problem or is unavailable for data processing.

H. Responsibilities

a) EA Responsibilities for Loan or Grant-Financed Projects

13. The EA or IA authorizes, selects, engages, and supervises consultants following the Guidelines on Use of Consultants for a loan or grant-financed consulting assignments. For this, the RRP indicates that the EA (or IA) will administer the consulting services. However, under special circumstances, such as when an EA lacks capacity, the EA may request assistance from ADB in selecting the consultants, provided that the EA negotiates and signs the consulting service contract, and provided further that the relevant directors of PPFD and the user unit agree to provide such assistance.

b) ADB Responsibilities for TA, Staff Consultancy and Consultancy in Non-sovereign Operations

14. ADB is normally responsible for selecting, engaging and supervising consultants financed by ADB's internal administrative expense budget, capital expenditure budget, TA grant, and other grant projects where the RRP indicates that ADB administers the consulting services. ADB may also be responsible for hiring consultants funded by advance payment from prospective clients in its non-sovereign operations.

c) EA and ADB Responsibilities for Recruiting Consultants for Delegated TAs

15. To increase the EA’s ownership of TA projects and to improve sustainability of project benefits, ADB may, through a Memorandum of Understanding with the recipient government, delegate responsibility to the EA for the recruitment and supervision of TA consultants. The recommendation to delegate follows an assessment of the EA’s capacity to recruit and manage consultants, and is indicated in the TA report or TA concept paper (CP), whenever a full TA report is not required, for approval by the department head, the vice-president, the President or the Board, as appropriate. The project officer assesses the EA capacity during a fact-finding mission. PPFD may assist the project officer in undertaking the EA/IA procurement capacity assessment. Depending on the EA’s capacity, delegation may be partial or complete. For complete delegation, the EA selects and signs the contract with the consultant, and assumes primary responsibility for supervising the consultant. For partial delegation (also known as "delegation through enhanced partnership"), the EA selects the consultant, ADB signs the contract, and the EA and ADB jointly supervise the contract. PAI 2.05 sets out the procedures for recruiting consultants under delegated TAs.

d) Responsibilities of Procurement, Portfolio and Financial Management Department (PPFD)

16. PPFD is responsible for ensuring that ADB staff comply with ADB's requirements, by monitoring the recruitment process for consulting services that are either administered by the EA
or ADB. It reviews documents, advises staff and chairs the CSC, when required. PPFD responds to consultants’ and EAs’ queries regarding the selection process.

17. PPFD determines the terms and conditions, signs the contracts and supervises the contract variations for consulting services that ADB administers. PPFD may also, under certain conditions or thresholds (as defined in PAI 5.09), delegate particular contract administration activities to user units for consulting services that ADB administers. Unless PPFD or a delegated recruiting party signs the contract and issues the notice to proceed (NTP), the user unit should not commit to engage the consultant or direct the consultant to start working. The same principle also applies to a case where a replacement or new consultant team member is to be mobilized under an existing contract through a contract variation. In such cases, the user unit should not mobilize the consultant until PPFD or the delegated recruiting party signs the contract variation.

18. PPFD supervises the consultants’ performance evaluation process, and maintains and updates the consultants’ performance evaluation reports. PPFD may also communicate with consultants about their performance evaluation results.

19. PPFD, supported by the Information Technology Department (ITD) manages CMS. PPFD answers internal and external inquiries on CMS business processes.

e) Responsibilities of User Units

20. For consulting services that ADB administers, user units prepare the TORs, select the consultants following the PAIs, supervise implementation of consulting services contracts, authorize consultant payments and evaluate consultant performance. Heads of departments ensure that consulting services are used and implemented properly. User units respond to questions from consultants on assignments.

21. With PPFD support, user units ensure that EA staff complies with ADB policies and procedures for consulting services that EAs administer.

f) Responsibilities of Controller’s Department (CTL)

22. CTL verifies and processes ADB payments to consultants under ADB contracts.

g) Responsibilities of Information Technology Department (ITD)

23. ITD provides IT support on the CMS and helps internal and external users resolve IT issues related to CMS and other activities involving recruiting IT consultants.

h) Responsibilities of Office of the General Counsel (OGC)

24. OGC advises on legal issues arising from recruiting consultants, administering contracts and related activities.

i) Responsibilities of the Strategic Partnership Division of SPD (SPSP) and the Partner Funds Division of SDCC (SDPF) under the Sustainable Development and Climate Change Department (SDCC)
25. SPSP advises staff on issues related to the processing of project-specific cofinancing and SDPF advises staff on issues related to trust funds and during the implementation of cofinanced projects, with both coordinating staff and cofinanciers.

j) Responsibilities of Consultant Selection Committee (CSC)

26. A CSC is convened to decide on consulting services matters, when required by PAI 2.04, 2.05 or 2.07. CSC is normally convened to conduct technical evaluation of consulting entities proposals.

27. A CSC may be convened for technical evaluation of individual consultant selection for large contracts.

28. For consulting services that ADB administers, the CSC normally consists of a PPFD international staff member as chairperson, the user unit officer, and an international staff from another department chosen from a roster maintained by PPFD. The third member should be impartial and possess technical expertise that is similar to that being sought by the TOR. The CSC members represent directors of their divisions. Video or telephone conferences may be used when a CSC member is joining the meeting from another location. Under special circumstances, the CSC may be established based on the requirements of a specific task force designated by ADB Management or the relevant department heads. CSC decisions are final if the decision is achieved by consensus.

29. If a CSC does not reach a unanimous decision, the Chairperson refers the matter to the relevant PPFD director who will review the matter together with the director of the user unit and make a final decision. For consulting services that EAs administer, the CSC normally comprises 3-7 members appointed by the EA.

I. Types of Consultants

30. Consulting firms are usually used for complex assignments that require multiple-expertise-teamwork. Consulting firms may also be preferred for engagements that span over a long period and when the risk of loss of continuity is high.

31. Individual consultants are more suitable for assignments that can be carried out by individuals independently. Individual consultants may be engaged directly or through a firm.

32. Consultation with PPFD is required before contracting more than five individual consultants separately under one project, particularly whenever the assignments are interdependent on inputs by these consultants. In such a case, a consulting firm should normally be engaged through a competitive selection process to provide these individuals as a team.

J. Types of Assignments

33. For purposes of the PAIs, ADB classifies consulting assignments by the instruments or types of operations the consultants serve:
• **Loan assignments** are undertaken by consultants working under ADB loan projects.
• **Grant assignments** are undertaken by consultants working under ADB grant projects.
• **TA assignments** are undertaken by consultants working under ADB TA operations.
• **Staff consulting assignments** are required to support ADB’s institutional operations and financed by ADB’s internal administrative expenses budget and/or capital expenditures budget.

34. For purposes of the PAIs, ADB also classifies consulting assignments by expertise:

• **Assignments requiring international expertise** are open to eligible consultants possessing the international experience required by the TOR.
• **Assignments requiring national expertise** are open to eligible national consultants possessing extensive background and experience in the project country or in the country where the assignment takes place under a regional TA, as provided in the TOR.

**K. Using National Consultants from Developing Member Countries (DMCs)**

35. ADB encourages using qualified consultants from DMCs.

36. ADB considers a consulting firm as a national firm of a borrower’s country if it is legally incorporated or organized as a legal entity under the laws of that country. Similarly, an individual consultant qualifies as a “national consultant” if he/she is performing assignment in his/her own country or in a country where he/she legally resides. The expert’s role does not require international experience. Individuals of ADB members who have appropriate authorization to legally reside and work in the country of the assignment but do not hold the nationality of that country may also be considered as national consultants.

37. Nationals of a DMC who possess the appropriate international experience may be considered for assignments that require international expertise, whether in the national’s own country or in other DMCs. The international experience that is required for a particular assignment will be defined and described in the pertinent TOR.

**L. Using Individual Staff Consultants**

38. Staff consulting assignments do not normally include work that is typically performed in connection with a TA to ADB members, because ADB finances such work through TA operations.

39. Individual staff consulting assignments should include specific time-bound outputs; for example, providing technical expertise during a fact-finding, appraisal or review mission, writing a policy paper, or developing computer software. The TOR should clearly identify the outputs and expected completion dates.

40. Individual staff consulting assignments may also include ongoing work similar to the work ADB staff regularly perform. Individual staff consultants are typically recruited when:
• staff are unavailable for the assignment, for example, during peak work periods or because staff are on leave;
• ADB’s staff skills-mix needs supplementing; for example, when ADB staff do not have the required expertise and experience; or
• ADB requires specialized expertise for a limited period.

41. Individual staff consulting assignments without specific time-bound outputs may only be used to temporarily alleviate staff shortage, and should generally last less than 1 year. The process for obtaining approval for staff consultants is set forth in PAI 2.04.

M. Eligibility

a) Eligibility Requirements for All Consultants

42. The Guidelines on Use of Consultants (para 1.13) lists the general principles on eligibility requirements for consultants working on ADB-financed assignments. Specific requirements are defined as follows:
• Consulting firms\(^1\) must be legally incorporated or organized as legal entities under the laws of ADB members; and individual consultants, either engaged individually or through a firm, must be a national of an ADB member. Individuals of ADB members who have appropriate authorization to legally reside and work in the country of the assignment but do not hold the nationality of that country may also be considered as national consultants. However, (a) remuneration will be subject to the local market rate; and (b) accommodation and travel related expenses from home country to country of assignment will not be provided.
• Consultants must be competent and qualified for the work they are recruited to perform.
• Consultants must be medically fit for their assignments, including any travel.
• Consultants must not be on any ADB sanction or suspension list due to integrity violations or poor performance, or on any recognized terrorism list. Eligibility criteria also includes not being subject to an ADB debarment or temporary suspension or subject to a United Nations Security Council sanction. This can be checked by the user unit using the Sanctions Screening Portal.
• Also, the other eligibility requirements in paras. 42 to 60 of this PAI must be complied with when government organizations, government employees, former ADB staff, spouses of ADB staff, close relatives of ADB staff, or close relatives of consultants, consultants currently engaged by ADB, and experts in certain specialized fields are considered candidates for consulting assignments.

b) Government Organizations and Civil Servants

43. The following restrictions on government organizations and employees apply to all assignments:

\(^1\) Experts employed or engaged by an eligible consulting firm will be considered eligible regardless of their nationality.
- Government-owned enterprises, institutions and organizations may work as consultants in their own countries only if they can establish that they are legally and financially autonomous; operate under commercial law; and do not depend on the executing and/or implementing agency/client.

However, ADB may sometimes approve a government-owned university or research center, or one of its staff, to participate in an assignment when the services to be provided by such entity or staff are exceptional or unique, and the participation of such entity or staff is critical to the assignment. PPFD has the authority to interpret this requirement and approve specific cases when sufficient justifications are provided by the user/project unit. The CMS submission should include the user unit’s confirmation that “academic/research staff qualifications is exceptional/unique, and the participation of this academic is critical to the assignment”. The academic or research staff has to notify the university or research institute that he or she is undertaking a paid consultancy with ADB.

- Current employee of an EA or IA for an ADB-financed loan or TA may not work as a consultant under the loan or TA.

- Civil servants (public sector employees working for a government department or agency) may only be hired under consulting contracts, either as individuals or as team members of a consulting firm, if: (i) they are on leave of absence and are duly authorized to work under an ADB consulting contract, (ii) they are not being hired by the agency they were working for immediately before going on leave, and (iii) their employment would not create a conflict of interest. A letter from the candidate’s agency may be required to certify that these requirements are met.

c) Former ADB Staff

44. Former ADB staff, advisers to executive directors, and former executive directors and alternate executive directors on the Board may not work as consultants for consulting services that ADB administers within 1 year of their effective termination date. Vice-presidents may not work as consultants for consulting services that ADB administers within 3 years of their effective termination date. The President may waive such requirements when ADB specifically requires a person’s services. Former ADB staff whose employment was terminated under Interest of Good Administration (IGA) provisions may be engaged by borrowers as loan consultants for ADB-financed projects, but they are ineligible for engagement by ADB.

45. The Budget, People and Management Systems Department (BPMSD) clears proposals to engage former ADB staff for the first time as consultants for consulting services that ADB administers and in the case of former staff at director level and above, for each engagement. This occurs if: (i) the former staff was nominated by a first-ranked consulting firm in its technical proposal, or (ii) the former staff is proposed as an individual consultant for consulting services that ADB administers. The procedures to obtain clearance are as follows:

- If the former staff position was below director level, the user unit refers the candidate’s name to the Director, Reward, HR and Health Services Division (BPRS), who checks that they had no performance, disciplinary or other related problem while working in ADB.

- If the former staff position was at the level of director or above, up to department or office head, the user unit submits, with adequate lead time, the name to the Director General, BPMSD for clearance. BPMSD forms a committee of senior staff to review the nomination.
• If the candidate was a director or alternate director on the Board, or a vice-president, the
director of the user unit, with adequate lead time, briefly justifies and recommends
recruitment through: (i) the head of the user department or office, (ii) the Director General,
BPMSD, and (iii) the vice-president/managing director general, as applicable, to the
President for approval. A copy of the recommendation goes to the Secretary, Office of the
Secretary (SEC).

46. BPMSD shall form a committee to review proposals for the engagement of former staff
whose positions were at the level of director or above, up to department or office head. The
committee shall comprise the Director General, BPMSD as chairperson, the head of the user
department or office, and the head of another department or office as an independent member.
The Director, BPRS acts as the secretary for the committee. The committee considers all factors,
including:

• the former staff member's ADB records with respect to any performance, disciplinary, or
related problems;
• the proposed scope of work;
• the expertise required and whether other candidates are equally qualified;
• the extent to which the staff member was associated with the proposed work;
• the extent to which the staff's previous work or his/her former subordinates’ work relates
to the proposed work; and
• the risk that the engagement might involve, or be seen to involve, favoritism or conflict of
interest.

d) Spouses of ADB Staff

47. ADB staff spouses applying to work for consulting services that ADB administers will be
subject to the conditions below.

48. Spouses of the President, Vice-Presidents, the Managing Director General and Heads of
Departments/Offices are restricted from working as a consultant for consulting services that ADB
administers. The Head of the user unit’s department or office may recommend that the President
waive this restriction in cases where the candidate is a spouse of the Vice-President, or head of
department or office. If the candidate is the current President’s spouse, the ranking Vice President
may approve the recruitment.

49. The recruitment process for an ADB staff's spouse shall include due diligence to determine
whether or not an actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest exists. A spouse may not be
recruited as an ADB consultant if:
• the proposed consultancy position is in the same division/unit as the ADB staff whose
spouse is being considered for such position, or such staff would supervise the work of
his/her spouse by rating performance and recommending rate increases; or
• the proposed consultancy position involves an actual, potential or perceived conflict of
interest on the part of the ADB staff and/or his/her spouse.
50. When a user unit suspects an actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest, it refers the matter to the Director General, PPFD, who will decide if the recruitment may proceed.

51. Staff must not promote their spouses’ interests. Staff should not communicate with prospective user departments for engaging their spouses as consultants. Doing so may result in disciplinary measures.

52. Spouses who are interested in individual consulting assignments should register in the CMS. Spouses interested in working for consulting firms or organizations as team members should contact those consulting firms or organizations directly.

53. If a spouse is a candidate on a shortlist, the relevant user unit should evaluate the spouse using the same eligibility requirements as other candidates. The fact that a proposed consultant is the spouse of a staff should not be a consideration for selecting such a consultant. The user unit should also confirm that the assignment will not create any actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest.

54. Single source selection of a spouse for an individual consulting assignment is discouraged. When a single source selection of a spouse is proposed, the user unit concerned must submit proof that no other qualified candidate has expressed interest, following public advertising of the position in the consulting services recruitment notice (CSRN), regardless of the assignment duration and level. The user unit submits a recommendation with a detailed justification including an assessment of any submitted expressions of interest through the head of the user department or office, to the Director, BPRS, for clearance. The head of the user department or office then approves the single source selection.

55. The Director, BPRS, clears the initial engagement of spouses, similar to the engagement of former bank staff.

56. ADB does not provide spouses working on individual consulting assignments with:

- per diem when working in the same duty station as the staff member; or
- reimbursement of expenses or other benefits already covered by the benefits ADB gives to the staff.

57. Close relatives of current ADB staff, other than spouses, may not work as consultants for consulting services that ADB administers. Administrative Order 2.01 Appendix 1 defines close relatives as spouse, children (including adopted children), mother, father, brother (including half-brother), sister (including half-sister), niece, nephew, aunt and uncle.

58. Close relatives of consultants currently engaged by ADB may not work as consultants if such engagement creates an actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest situation. Consultants who are close relatives shall not be engaged to work as individual consultants under the same assignment.
g) Consultants Currently Engaged by ADB or EA

59. A consultant who is currently engaged by ADB or by the EA for an ADB-financed TA, project or contract on a full-time basis is understood to be committed for a continuous assignment, whereby a home office work week consists of 5 working days and a field work week consists of 5 or 6 working days, as the case may be, in accordance with the terms and provisions of the contract. A consultant who is currently engaged on a full-time basis for an ADB-financed assignment must not work as a consultant, resource person or service provider for another ADB-financed TA, project or contract, and for any other employer or project. A consultant who is currently engaged on an intermittent basis for an ADB-financed assignment is allowed to work on another intermittent assignment, provided that PPFD receives clearance from the relevant user unit that there would be no overlapping in working days between the assignments in question.

h) Experts in Specialized Fields

60. For certain ADB-administered assignments that require specific professional qualifications, such as legal or IT experts, the department that possesses the relevant knowledge may have to provide its clearance for the proposed candidates before they may be engaged. See PAI 2.04 for details.
Abbreviations Used in the PAI

ADB - Asian Development Bank
BMCS - Budget Monitoring Control System
BPBM - Budget and Management Services Division
BPHP - HR Business Partners Division
BPMSD - Budget, People and Management Systems Department
BPRS - Reward, HR and Health Services Division
BTP - Biodata Technical Proposals
CEP - capital expenditure projects
CMS - Consultant Management System
CP - Concept Paper
CPS - country partnership strategy
CQS - Consultants’ Qualifications Selection
CRAM - Consultant Recruitment Activity Monitoring
CSC - Consultant Selection Committee
CSRN - consulting services recruitment notice
CTL - Controller’s Department
CV - curriculum vitae
DMC – developing member country
DMF - design and monitoring framework
EOI - expression of interest
FBS - Fixed-Budget Selection
FR - full registration
FTP - Full Technical Proposals
GEFP - gross evaluated financial proposal
GFIS - Grant Financial Information System
HOD - head of the department
IA - Implementing Agency
ICS - Individual Consultant Selection
ICR - international consultant remuneration
IDS - Integrated Disbursement System
IT - information technology
ITD – Information Technology Department
JV - joint venture
LCS - Least-Cost Selection
LCU - Loan Consulting Services Unit
MOU - memorandum of understanding
NCR - national consultant remuneration
NEFP - net evaluated financial proposal
NGO - nongovernmental organization
OAG - Office of the Auditor General
OAI - Office of Anticorruption and Integrity
OGC - Office of the General Counsel
OM - Operations Manual
OPC – Office of Professional Conduct
ORM – Office of Risk Management
PAI - Project Administration Instructions
PAM - Project Administration Manual
PPFD - Procurement, Portfolio and Financial Management Department
PPTA - project preparatory technical assistance
QBS - Quality-Based Selection
QCBS - Quality and Cost-Based Selection
RFP - Request for Proposals
RM - resident mission
RRP - Report and Recommendation of the President
SEC - Office of the Secretary
SDCC - Sustainable Development and Climate Change Department
SDCC-DT - Digital Technology for Development Unit
SDPF - Partner Funds Division
SI – Procurement Staff Instructions
SPD - Strategy, Policy and Partnerships Department
SPSP - Strategic Partnerships Division
SR - simplified registration
SSS - Single-Source Selection
STP - Simplified Technical Proposals
TA - Technical Assistance
TOR - Terms of Reference
UN - United Nations