UTILIZING SURPLUS LOAN PROCEEDS

1. This Project Administration Instruction (PAI) describes the treatment of surplus loan proceeds resulting from a change in the Asian Development Bank (ADB)-financed project, including reduction in scope and/or cost savings in the project expenditures. This PAI should be read in conjunction with (i) PAI 4.03 (Suspension and Cancellation of Loan); (ii) PAI 5.02 (Change in Loan Projects); and (iii) PAI 5.03 (Reallocation of Loan Proceeds, Change in Counterpart Funding and Change in Disbursement Percentage).

2. Surplus loan proceeds may be needed to complete a project or finance additional goods and/or services required under the project. Reference should be made to PAIs 5.02 and 5.03 to determine the appropriate approval level if surplus proceeds are to be used to help complete the project or to finance changes in a project.

3. Occasionally, surplus loan proceeds from a project are needed to finance another ongoing or a new project. Article 14 (xi) of ADB’s Charter provides that loan proceeds are to be used only for the purposes for which the loan is approved. When proposing the use of surplus concessional resources (Asian Development Fund [ADF] grant and/or concessional ordinary capital resources [COL]) for another ongoing or new project, prior to preparing a change memorandum following PAI 5.02 or a Board paper following the Staff Instructions on Business Processes for Sovereign Operations, the Strategy, Policy and Review Department should be consulted. For surplus loan proceeds from external funding sources administered by ADB, the Office of Cofinancing Operations should be consulted and will coordinate arrangements with the cofinancier.

4. Surplus loan proceeds not required for a project will be cancelled from the loan amount after consultation with the borrower. Project administration missions should identify any surplus loan proceeds and discuss possible cancellation and utilization, and should be recorded in a Memorandum of Understanding. Prompt cancellation of the surplus loan proceeds reduces the commitment fees on regular ordinary capital resources (OCR) lending paid by the borrower. Canceling surplus proceeds of COL and ADF grants enable these amounts to revert to the limited concessional resources for allocation to other projects. The cancelled funds to be used for another ongoing project will follow the appropriate Operations Manual or Staff Instructions.

---

1 In this PAI, the reference to “loan” also includes grants, unless the context requires otherwise. This PAI also applies to loans and grants from external sources that are administered by ADB unless agreed otherwise between ADB and cofinanciers.

2 ADB. 2016. Concessional Assistance Policy (R36-16).

3 In this PAI, the term “borrower” also refers to recipients of grants, executing agencies, and/or implementing agencies, unless the context requires otherwise.

4 For example, when surplus loan proceeds are used to finance a Project Readiness Financing (PRF) from an ongoing project, the procedures in the Staff Instruction on Business Processes for Project Readiness Financing will apply.