

Draft Design and Monitoring Framework

Project Number: 40037

August 2007

PNG: Lae Port Development Project

A design and monitoring framework is an active document, progressively updated and revised as necessary, particularly following any changes in project design and implementation. In accordance with ADB's public communications policy (2005), it is disclosed before appraisal of the project or program. This draft framework may change during processing of the project or program, and the revised version will be disclosed as an appendix to the report and recommendation of the President.

Asian Development Bank

DESIGN AND MONITORING FRAMEWORK

		Data	_
Design	Performance	Sources/Reporting Mechanisms	Assumptions and Risks
Summary Impact	Targets/Indicators	Wecnanisms	Assumptions
Enabling environment for industrial and commercial development is created.	15–20 new industrial and commercial enterprises established by 2020 500–1,000 jobs	Post–project completion survey	Policy environment and incentives for investment improve. Law-and-order problems are
	generated by 2020		addressed.
Outcome			Assumptions
Port bottleneck constraining trade is relieved.	Lae port cargo handling capacity increased by about 1.4 million revenue tons per year after completion	Stevedoring and cargo handling reports	Highlands Highway is rehabilitated.
		Port statistics	Macroeconomic and political stability continues.
	Lae port cargo handling rate increased from 140 tons per hour to 210 tons per hour by 2015		Global economy remains buoyant and sustains high commodity prices.
	Ship calls increased from 600 to 900 by 2017		Lae Port management is improved by AusAID.
Outputs			Assumptions
 New port facilities are operational. Livelihood of directly and indirectly affected people is improved. HIV/AIDS incidence in 	Basin, multipurpose berth, and terminal constructed by 2011	Independent monitoring reports by the NGO	There is no sudden change in Government's strategic focus and priorities.
	482 new houses for 2,912 people built by 2008	Provincial administration's health and education reports	Government provides counterpart funds on time.
Lae is reduced.	3 schools in Malahang expanded by 2008	Reports of Wau Microbank Limited	Governance issues will not impede the implementation program.
	473 children enrolled in the schools in Malahang by 2008		
	1 health clinic improved by 2008		
	\$40,000 micro-credit provided to 200 households by 2011		
	HIV/AIDS prevalence in Lae and Huon district decreased by 20%		
	Income levels for re-settlers and Labu people increased by 3– 5% by 2011		

Design Summary	Performance Targets/Indicators	Data Sources/Reporting Mechanisms	Assumptions and Risks
Activities with Milestones 1. Construct a tidal basin (70 and terminal works by 201 2. Resettle 482 households to 3. Rehabilitate and enhance 4. Mobilize the response of to 5. Mitigate environmental riscontract, and environment	Inputs • ADB: \$60 million OCR loan \$40 million ADF loan \$1.5 million JFPR grant \$0.75 million HIV/AIDS Cooperation Fund grant • OFID: \$6 million loan • Government: \$45.75 million • Beneficiaries: Government, private sector, landless and poor settlers, local communities, and nongovernment organizations (NGOs)		

ADF = Asian Development Fund, AusAID = Australian Agency for International Development, HIV/AIDS = human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immune deficiency syndrome, JFPR = Japan Fund for Poverty Reduction, NGO = nongovernment organization, OCR = ordinary capital resources, OFID = OPEC Fund for International Development.