

Social Monitoring Report

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Pakistan: Trimmu, Panjnad and Islam Barrages Improvement Project

External Monitoring Report for Islam Barrage- Social Safeguards

Prepared by Irrigation Department, Government of Punjab, Pakistan

NOTES

- (i) The fiscal year (FY) of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and its agencies ends on 30 June.
- (ii) In this report “\$” refer to US dollars.

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GOVERNMENT OF THE PUNJAB
IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT



PROJECT MANAGEMENT OFFICE (PMO) FOR PUNJAB BARRAGES



**EXTERNAL VALIDATION OF
SOCIAL DUE DILIGENCE REPORT**

March 2021

**REHABILITATION AND MODERNIZATION OF ISLAM
BARRAGE**

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ABBREVIATIONS

ADB	Asian Bank Development
AFs	Affected Families
CSC	Construction Supervision Consultant
DDC	Detail Design Consultants
DPs	Displaced Persons
DPC	Displaced Person Committee
EA	Executing Agency
EMC	External Monitoring Consultant
ESU	Environment and Social Unit
GRC	Grievance Redress Committee
M&E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MFF	Multi Financing Facility
PID	Punjab Irrigation Department
PMO	Project Management Office
PIU	Project Implementation Unit
RP	Resettlement Plan
SPS	Safeguard Policy Statement
TPBIP	Trimmu Panjnad Barrages Improvement Project
TPBIP	Trimmu Panjnad Islam Barrages Improvement Project

Definition of Terms

Displaced Persons	In the context of involuntary resettlement, displaced persons are those who are physically displaced (relocation, loss of residential land, or loss of shelter) and/or economically displaced (loss of land, assets, access to assets, income sources, or means of livelihoods) as a result of (i) involuntary acquisition of land, or (ii) involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas.
Compensation	Payment in cash or in kind of the replacement cost of the acquired assets.
Corridor of Impacts	This is the area that is likely to be physically affected by the construction, including locations adjacent to the actual construction that may be affected by noise, vibration, etc.
Encroachers	People who have trespassed onto Government owned land, Public Right of Ways and private/community land to which they are not authorized. If such people arrived before the entitlements cut-off date, they are eligible for compensation for any structures, crops or land improvements that they will lose.
Economic Displacement	Loss of land, assets, access to assets, income sources, or means of livelihood because of (i) involuntary acquisition of land, or (ii) involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas.
Involuntary Resettlement	Land and/or asset loss, which results in a reduction of livelihood level. These losses have to be compensated for so that no person is worse off than they were before the loss of land and/or assets.
Meaningful Consultation	Is a process that (i) begins early in the project preparation stage and is carried out on an ongoing basis throughout the project cycle; (ii) provides timely disclosure of relevant and adequate information that is understandable and readily accessible to affected people; (iii) is undertaken in an atmosphere free of intimidation or coercion; (iv) gender inclusive and responsive, and tailored to the needs of disadvantaged and vulnerable groups; and (v) enables the incorporation of all relevant views of affected people and other stakeholders into decision making, such as project design, mitigation measures, the sharing of development benefits and opportunities, and implementation issues.
Physical displacement	Meaning relocation, loss of residential land, or loss of shelter a result of (i) involuntary acquisition of land, or (ii) involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to legally designated parks and protected areas.
Rehabilitation	Compensatory measures provided under the ADB Policy Framework on Involuntary Resettlement other than payment of the replacement cost of acquired assets.
Replacement Cost	The rate of compensation for acquired housing, land and other assets will be calculated at full replacement costs. The calculation of full replacement cost will be based on the following elements: (i) fair market value; (ii) transaction costs; (iii) interest accrued, (iv) transitional and restoration costs; and (v) other applicable payments, if any. In applying this method of valuation, depreciation of structures and assets should not be considered.
Vulnerable Groups	Distinct group of people who may suffer disproportionately from resettlement effects. The policy defines vulnerable groups as households below the poverty line, the elderly, those without legal title to assets, landless, women, children and indigenous people.

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

1. Government of the Punjab launched the Punjab Irrigated Agriculture Investment Program (PIAIP) in 2006 to undertake rehabilitation and up-gradation of the Irrigation System with financial assistance of Asian Development Bank (ADB) through a Multi-tranche Financing Facility (MFF) to overcome critical bottlenecks in Punjab's irrigation system. Under the aforesaid program, Trimmu and Panjnad Barrages Improvement Project (TPBIP) was prepared in 2014 but due to limited MFF funds, TPBIP was financed as standalone project. On 9 December 2019, rehabilitation and modernization of Islam Barrage located on river Sutlej was added as project output under the scope of the Trimmu Panjnad Barrages Improvement Project (TPBIP). ADB approval for amendment to project and loan agreements can be seen at Annex 01. Resultantly it is now termed as Trimmu Panjnad Islam Barrages Improvement Project (TPIBIP).

1.2 Need for Rehabilitation and Up-Gradation of Islam Barrage

2. Since construction in 1927, the Islam Barrage has not received the sufficient flow of water and significant masking occurred near the barrage which led to loss of agricultural production in 42000 hectare of farm land. The barrage also confronted failure owing to the passage of three times (1929, 1955 & 1988) heavy flood flow. On the top of this, inadequate and deferred maintenance resulted in further deterioration of the aged structure of barrage. In June 1998, studies of the Consultants concluded that Islam Barrage is an unsafe structure. Based on the consultant's recommendations, the Punjab Government decided to rehabilitate and up-graduate the Islam Barrage including civil, mechanical and electric works in order to improve the capacity and modernization of gates.

3. Detailed design was carried out during 2007-09 for Rehabilitation and Modernization of Islam Barrage and in 2018, the Punjab Government decided to implement the project works with the financial assistance of ADB. According to the detailed design, key improvement works listed below were considered to rehabilitate and modernize the Islam Barrage.

- i) Lowering of subsidiary weir by 1-ft to enhance the discharge capacity of existing barrage. i.e., from 300,000 cusecs to 332,000 cusecs (100-year return period discharge).
- ii) Structural rehabilitation / upgrading of existing component of the barrage i.e., concrete overlay on U/s & D/s floors of barrage and subsidiary weir.
- iii) Rehabilitation / replacement of gates and provision of motorized control of gates.
- iv) Rehabilitation and upraising of left and right guide banks.

1.3 Overview of Resettlement Impacts according to draft RP and DDR

4. A draft RP prepared by PID based on original design (completed in 2009) was accepted and disclosed by ADB in 2018 to appraise additional financing for rehabilitation and modernization of Islam Barrage project, however, following a major change in scope of ongoing TPBIP, the rehabilitation of Islam Barrage was included as one of its output and it was renamed as TPIBIP in November 2019. The draft RP prepared in 2018 documented resettlement impact on 25 affected families (AFs) (170 DPs) likely from rehabilitation and upraising of left and right guide banks of barrage due to loss of their residential and other assets (including 5.5 acres of cropping areas and 2 community assets) encroached on the right and left guide banks of the barrage and within PID owned barrage area.

5. In August 2020, the Islam Barrage (IB) Construction Supervision Consultants conducted a site visit along with PMO to review and validate detailed design of 2007-2009 and recommended to exclude upraising of right and left guide banks from the scope of works after detailed assessment of the design (IB consultant's recommendation for design modification can be seen at Annex 02). After this modification, resettlement impact on the community will be avoided. This design modification was accepted by Punjab Irrigation Department (PID) and concurred by Asian Development Bank (ADB). Based on modified design, Project Management Office (PMO)-Barrages prepared a Social Due Diligence Report (DDR) to assess and document the extent of avoided resettlement impacts on the likely Displaced Person (DPs) as identified in draft Resettlement Plan (RP) after omission of upraising of right and left guide banks from the scope of works. The DDR findings dictated the encroached assets along left and right guide banks will not be cleared and now the DPs as identified in draft RP will continue to use their assets without any disruption. Thus, the draft RP became redundant after exclusion of raising of right and left guide banks from project scope.

1.4 Monitoring and Evaluation

6. Resettlement Monitoring is a fundamental part of the resettlement process which involves monitoring of preparation and implementation of Resettlement Plans (RP) and Due Diligence Report (DDR), as described in the ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement 2009 (SPS), Operation Manual (2013) and Involuntary Resettlement (IR)-A Planning and Implementation Good Practice Source Book (2012). Originally the TPBIP was screened as IR category A project and it required both internal and external monitoring of preparation and implementation of resettlement plans and validate social safeguards compliance throughout project execution period.

7. Since, the TPIBIP is IR category A projects, so the external monitoring is aimed to review, assess and validate safeguards compliance status and enable project management teams in PMO and ADB to make timely decisions on curative measures required to prepare and implement social safeguards documents in resettlement plan (if needed). This validation report has been prepared for the Islam Barrage. The objective of this report is validation of DDR which apprise that due to the modification of project scope, all anticipated resettlement impacts have been avoided and expected DPs will continue to use their assets without any interruption. This report presents review and validation of DDR as of 28 February, 2021.

2 EXTERNAL VALIDATION METHODOLOGY

8. This external validation report verifies the avoidance of social and resettlement impact on the displaced persons (DPs) as recorded in draft RP due to revised final design of the barrage as well as establishment of mechanism to mitigate any unseen social and resettlement impact during implementation phase of the project.

2.1 Validation Methodology:

9. The External Monitoring Consultant (EMC) will follow the Terms of References (ToRs) and the scope of work assigned by PMO in the monitoring contract. The monitoring work assigned to EMC by PMO requires to undertake external validation of the social due diligence report and confirm avoided social and resettlement impacts on the noted displaced persons (DPs) in previously accepted draft LARP as well as establishment of mechanism to mitigate any unseen social and resettlement impact during implementation phase of the project. Following methodology is used for the validation process.

2.2 Review of Project Documents:

10. For the preparation of this report, EMC reviewed Islam Barrage draft Resettlement Plan (RP) 2018, Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LRF) of PIAIP 2012, ADB's SPS 2009, and Social Due Diligence Report of December, 2020 and subsequent briefs, etc.

2.2.1 Consultative Meetings with Officials:

11. Consultative meetings were conducted with the key officials of PMO during the months of February 2021. EMC conducted meetings (virtual and physical) with Director and Deputy Director (Sociology) of Environment & Social Safeguard Unit (ESU) for the background information of draft RP, DDR, Design modification, Grievance Redressal Mechanism and status of information sharing and disclosure with DPs as identified in draft RP. They provided relevant documents and updated that consultative meetings were held with DPs as of draft RP to share information regarding design modification, explain avoided resettlement impacts and mitigation measures that will be ensured to address any unseen impact during implementation phase.

2.2.2 Field Monitoring:

12. During the field visits on 19 & 20 February 2021, EMC conducted consultative meetings with DPs as identified in draft RP at both left guide bank (LGB) and right guide bank (RGB) of Islam Barrage. A separate meeting with women (wives of DPs) was held at right guide bank (RGB) of Islam Barrage. Attendance sheets can be seen at Annex 3.

2.2.3 Sampling:

13. EMC randomly interviewed/consulted 10 DPs as identified in draft RP and 5 women of DPs households to get their feedback regarding information disclosure, Grievance Redressal Mechanism and avoidance of social and resettlement impact on them due to revised final design of the barrage. The sample DPs belonged to different household although all DPs households as identified in draft RP on both GBs are close relatives. Only DPs households were consulted for validation of DDR findings.

2.2.4 Data Processing and Analysis for Reporting:

14. This validation report is prepared in accordance with the collected primary and secondary data consisting of interviews with DPs, consultative meetings with the project management, physical field observations/ validation.

3 KEY FINDINGS AND ANALYSIS OF EXTERNAL MONITORING CONSULTANT

15. Project Management Office (PMO) for Punjab Barrages has endorsed the design modification (exclusion of the raising of both guided banks) as suggested by the Islam barrage (IB) Construction Supervision Consultants. The same has been concurred by ADB (copy of sharing of design modification with ADB can be seen at Annex 4). It is clarified that the construction area will be in river bed within barrage safety zone on either side of the subsidiary weir and bays. Resultantly, the Social Safeguards Due Diligence Report (DDR) was prepared which confirmed that none of the squatter's assets will be impacted due to project implementation therefore draft RP prepared in 2018 becomes redundant. The EMC reviewed the DDR, draft RP and project design reports as well as conducted site visit for validating DDR findings and assess scope of resettlement impacts due to agreed modification in design of the Islam Barrage Project. Followings are the component wise key finding and analysis after the omission of rehabilitation of left & right guide banks from project design and scope.

3.1 Raising and Rehabilitation of left/right guide banks (omitted component)

16. As described in the draft RP, 25 residential structures along with the accessories/fixtures (water pump, hand pump & tandoor) owned by 25 squatters' families, 5.5 acres of cropping areas (Government Land) and 2 community assets were anticipated to impact due to upraising and rehabilitation of left and right guide banks. After the modification in design and scope of work, upraising and rehabilitation of both guide banks has been omitted and a DDR was prepared to review quantum and scope of likely impacts. It was confirmed that the assets of 25 affected families documented in draft RP have been avoided due to agreed design modification. The EMC reviewed proposed design modification, impact inventory of draft RP, information provided in the DDR and consulted the stakeholders including noted affected families as of draft RP to confirm and validate DDR findings. Following review and analysis of information gathered, it is verified that none of DPs or their assets will be impacted therefore it is validated that there is no requirement to update the draft RP as it is no more applicable to the project. Summary of resettlement impact according to draft RP and DDR is reflected in Table 01 below.

Table 01: Summary of Resettlement impact according to draft RP and DDR

Table 07: Summary of Resettlement Impact according to draft R/R and DDR					
S.No	Impact Category	Unit (No/acre)	AFs (No.)	DPs (No.)	DPs/AFs/Assets
		Impact of original design (RP)			Impact after design change (DDR)
Private Assets					
1	Residential Structure	25	25	164	0
2	Electric Water Pump	6	*6	39	0
3	Hand Pump	20	*20	131	0
4	Tandoor (Bread Baking stove)	6	*6	39	0
5	Crops	5.5acres	*8	52	0
Community Assets					
6	Masjid (Prayer place)	1	-	-	0
7	Common Sitting Place (Baitkh)	1	-	-	0
8	Electric Water Pump	1	-	-	0
09	Hand Pump	3	-	-	0
10	Huts	2	-	-	0
11	Tandoor	1	-	-	0
Category and Number of Displaced Families/ Persons					
12	Total Number	-	25	164	0
13	Vulnerable	-	25	164	0
14	Livelihood	-	25	164	0
15	Severely affected	-	*8	52	0
*Multiple counts. They are included in 25 affected families					

*Multiple counts. They are included in 25 affected families

3.2 Lowering of Weir Level

17. It was explained that the designed works for lowering of weir level will be executed within the river bed which is within barrage safety zone that is not allowed to access and use for any beneficial purpose. Review of draft RP and DDR also elucidated that the project works related to this component did not involve any adverse social and involuntary resettlement (IR) impacts. Hence, it is verified that due to lowering of subsidiary weir by 1-ft to enhance the discharge capacity, none of the DP's or community's assets will be impacted.

3.3 Rehabilitation of Upstream &Downstream floor

18. According to original and modified design, the designed works are limited to rehabilitation of upstream and downstream flooring within river bed of barrage safety zone which is free of any encumbrances and encroachments. However, to execute works, cofferdams will have to be provided to regulate intrusion of water onto work sites. During consultations, the PMO and the supervision consultants engineering staff confirmed that transportation of construction material and debris of cofferdams will not impede mobility of local communities and restrict their daily chores. Therefore, it is verified that due to construction of the coffer dams (u/s & d/s), none of the DP's or community's assets will be impacted nor local communities will face any untoward restriction to access their assets and resources.

19. Whereas, the contractor will be bound to prepare, implement and monitor Site Specific Environmental Management Plan (EMP) and Traffic Management Plan (TMP) to mitigate construction related environmental and social management issues that could be likely from fugitive dust and congestion problem due to movement of contractor's heavy machinery. With the implementation of Traffic Management Plan (TMP), adverse impact on local communities due to restricted access will be avoided or minimized. According to the information provided by officials of ESU, the borrow area will preferably be selected in the irrigation department land along the Ludden road with no community residing nearby therefore there will be no adverse social and resettlement impacts. Any traffic issue due to movement of dumpers will be minimized/avoided with the implementation of Traffic Management Plan (TMP).

3.4 Rehabilitation and Repair of Shutters/gates and Ancillary Works

20. According to draft RP and the DDR, rehabilitation and atomization of barrage shutters and gates with ancillary works has not entailed any adverse impacts on the nearby communities and their assets. Further, it was clarified that the rehabilitation and atomization of barrage shutters/gats will not impose any restrictions on mobility of the local communities to do their chores. Based on assessment, it is verified that due to rehabilitation / repair of shutters/gates and provision of motorized control of gates, none of the DP's or community's assets will be impacted.

3.5 Information Disclosure and Consultations

21. The project team (official of ESU i.e., Director and Deputy Director (Social)) are in contact on need basis with the displace persons as identified in draft RP and local community. For the preparation of DDR after modification in scope of work, two rounds of community information disclosure and consultation have been carried out on 18 November and 28 December 2020. As per attendance sheets attached in DDR, in first consultative meeting 11 DPs out of 25 and in second consultative meeting, all 25 DPs participated. ESU team prepared minutes of consultative meetings with DPs. In the meetings, ESU team shared information

related to the modification in design and scope of work regarding omission of upraising and rehabilitation of both guide banks. DPs were apprised that due to this design modification, none of DPs/encroacher or their assets will be impacted and they will continue to use their assets without any interruption. They were also apprised that a multi-tiered grievance redressal mechanism (GRM) will be available to handle issue during implementation phase. An Environmental Management Plan (EMP) and Traffic Management Plan (TMP) will be implemented to mitigate and avoid social, resettlement and environmental issues.

22. During field visit, EMC interviewed DPs as identified in draft RP. DPs informed EMC that project staff shared information regarding modification in scope of work and mitigation measures for unseen and untoward impacts during implementation stage. Resultantly there will be no impact on assets and relocation of DPs from their present assets have been avoided. It is verified that officials of ESU have successfully shared information related to modification in design and scope of work regarding omission of upraising and rehabilitation of both guide banks, continuous/uninterrupted utilization of assets by DPs as identified in draft RP, availability of GRM and implementation of EMP and TMP.

3.6 Formation of Displaced Persons Committee (DPC)

23. DPC was established for the DPs as identified in draft RP for Islam Barrage on 19 July 2018(Copy of DPC can be seen at Annex 5). Muhammad Zafar s/o M. Buksh was selected as the chairman of the committee. He is a very active community worker. The committee is interacting with the other DPs as identified in draft RP and project staff for consultation and disclosure of information with community. This already notified DPC consists of members amongst DPs as identified in draft RP. Now due to the modification in design and scope of work regarding omission of upraising and rehabilitation of both guide banks, no displacement and resettlement impact will occur. But during implementation phase, different kinds of unseen/ untoward environmental and social issues can arise. To communicate these issues (if any) with PMO and trickle-down information to each DP as of draft LARP and local community, this already notified DPC is kept intact. Without DPC, community will be unable to express their concerns and issues therefore they may suffer due to unmitigated issues.

24. EMC verifies that existence of notified DP's committee is necessary. It is a better solution to keep already established DPC intact to handle unseen/ untoward environmental and social issues (if any) of implementation phase. Whereas EMC recommends that meetings of DPC and ESU meetings with DPC should be regularly monitored and documented.

3.7 Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM)

25. According to draft RP and DDR, two GRCs are notified to handle the complaints raised by the local community and DPs as identified in draft RP during implementation of project (Copies of GRCs can be seen at Annex 6). It has been found that in 1st tier of GRC, only one member is from DPC. It is suggested that 1st tier of GRC may be revised to add one more local from project area to make GRC more representative of the community. This will also give sense of community empowerment as well as sense of ownership in the community which will be instrumental in the successful implementation of the project. EMC also suggest to include Deputy Director (Resettlement) of ESU-PMU in both 1st and 2nd tiers of GRC for his valuable input related to social issue (if any) and resettlement related impacts if noted during implementation phase

26. During field visit, EMC finds out that till to date, no complaints has been raised by any local community or DPs as identified in draft RP. It is suggested that a formal meeting of both

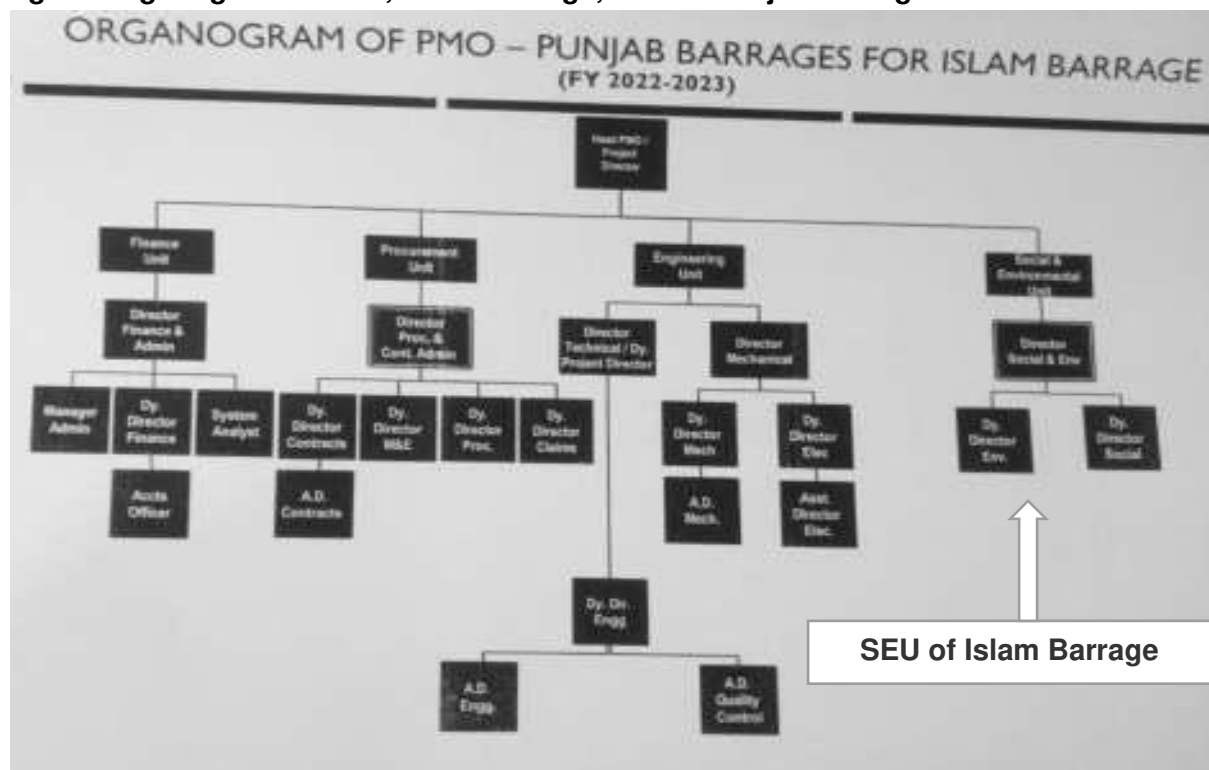
the GRCs should be held to make them functional before the commencement of the civil work so that each nominee knows what is his role and responsibilities as a member of GRC. The meetings should be documented for record purposes.

3.8 Institutional set-up for Social Safeguards Management

27. Punjab Irrigation Department (PID) has established a PMO headed by a Head/ Project Director (PD) with other associated staffs. PMO as an Executing Agency (EA) has established an Environment & Social Safeguard Unit (ESU), for taking care of the social safeguard related measures /tasks at project level, with support from the safeguards team of Construction Supervision Consultant (CSC). Two GRCs and a DPC has been notified to handle complaints and concerns of DPs as identified in draft RP and local community during implementation phase.

28. According to the organogram of TPIBIP, Social and Environment Unit (SEU) consists of Director (Social and Environment), Deputy Director (Social) and Deputy Director (Environment). Position of Director (Social and Environment) is still vacant which is filled by Deputy Director (Environment) Malik Parvez Arif on additional charge. Whereas Deputy Director (Resettlement) of ESU-PMO is also available for valuable input and insight on matters related to resettlement. Organogram of the Islam Barrage consisting of Social and Environment Unit (SEU) is as under.

Fig 01: Organogram of SEU, Islam Barrage, PMO – Punjab Barrage



According to the information provided by ESU-PMO, positions of social mobilizer and resettlement expert are available in the supervision consultation of TPIBIP and will be filled by supervision consultant after mobilization to supervise the project works at site. EMC also suggests that these positions should be filled and staff be deployed at site by the supervision consultant before mobilization of the contractor and commencement of works.

3.9 DPs Views and Concerns

29. During the field visit, EMC consulted/interviewed 10 DPs as identified in draft RP and 05 wives of DPs households (copies of attendance sheets can be seen at Annex 3). They have expressed their specific and general views and concerns as under:

- i. DPs expressed their contentment as they have been avoided from relocation due to modification/change in scope of work.
- ii. DPs were satisfied with the project staff due to timely provision of information and consultation regarding modification/change in scope of work and mitigation measures for unseen impacts during implementation.
- iii. DPs desired that they should be provided employment as labor and skilled/unskilled workers on priority basis after the commencement of civil work.
- iv. DPs showed their concern regarding movement of outside labors in the area during construction.
- v. DPs pointed towards dust problem due to movement of contractor's heavy machinery.

3.9.1 Management of Constructed related Issues

30. In continuation to the DPs expressed views and concerns as described above, EMC further verifies through the said consultative meetings with DPs during field visit that officials of ESU have thoroughly explained the resolution mechanism regarding concerns of the DPs and their families which they may face during construction phase. During discussion with EMC, DPs confirmed that ESU staff has explained that following designed mitigation measures will be implemented to avoid / minimize the construction related social and environmental concerns/issues.

- a) The contractor will regularize the free movement of labor in the area to avoid any untoward social issue as well as DD (Social) ESU also keep a close liaison with community to identify and resolve such issue (if any).
- b) The contractor will hire/engage local community/DPs as skilled/unskilled labor in the construction activities.
- c) The contractor will regularly sprinkle water to avoid / minimize fugitive dust problem as a part of Site-Specific Environmental Management Plan (EMP) implementation as well as DD (Environment) ESU will also monitor the implementation in letter and spirit of EMP by contractor.
- d) The contractor will implement Traffic Management Plan (TMP) to regularize all traffic related issues including provision of alternate route to handle traffic congestion as well as DD (Environment) and DD (Social) ESU will also monitor the implementation in letter and spirit of TMP by contractor.

4 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

31. On the basis of field observations and review of project documents provided by PMO, it is validated that due to the omission of rehabilitation and upraising of right & left guide banks from scope of the project works, anticipated resettlement impacts on 25 residential structures along with the accessories/fixtures (water pump, hand pump & Tandoor) owned by 25 squatters' families, 5.5 acres of cropping areas (Government Land) and 02 community assets have been completely avoided. It is also confirmed from consultative meetings with DPs as identified in draft RP that ESU team (Director (Environment and Social) and Deputy Director (Social)) of PMO has informed DPs that they will not be relocated and will continue usage of their assets without any interruption as the construction activities will be in river bed within barrage safety zone on either side of the subsidiary weir and bays. It is also verified from DPs that ESU of PMO has explained mitigation measures regarding DPs' anticipated concerns during implementation phase as regularization of movement of construction machinery and management of labor, sprinkling of water to avoid dust problem through EMP, proper traffic management through TMP and well-planned methodology of construction by contractor.

32. On the basis of the field visit, review of project documents and other relevant information provided by ESU officials, EMC recommends following corrective action/ way forward to avoid/minimize resettlement, social and environmental impact on the DPs as identified in draft RP and local community of the project area,

- i) Effective implementation of Site-Specific Environmental Management Plan (EMP) and Traffic Management Plan (TMP) to avoid/minimize fugitive dust problem, restrict labor movement in community residential area and maintain hassle free movement of the local commuters by regulating traffic congestion on the connector roads and barrage. DD (Social) and DD (Environment) of ESU will keep close liaison with community for early identification and resolution of issues (if any),
- ii) Information disclosure and consultation with DPs as identified in draft RP and local community should be carried out once a month throughout the implementation phase of the project. These consultative meeting should be properly documented and kept for record.
- iii) 1st tier of GRC may be revised to add one local community representative from project area to make GRC more representative of the community. This will also give sense of community empowerment and ownership.
- iv) Deputy Director (Resettlement) of ESU-PMU may be included in both 1st and 2nd tiers of GRC for his valuable input related to issue (if any) of resettlement during implementation phase
- v) A community complaint register should be placed at supervision consultant's or contractor's camp office to register complaints, if any, of DPs or local community and labors.
- vi) In case of any unanticipated resettlement impact, it will be properly documented, shared with ADB and compensated as per ADB's SPS 2009 and government policy.

PHOTO LOG

Consultative meeting with females at LGB



Consultative meeting with Chairman DPC and DPs at LGB



Consultative meeting with DPs at RGB



Dilshad (DP) at his fish shop along main road



Annex 01 Amendments to Project Agreement



PAKISTAN RESIDENT MISSION

13 April 2020

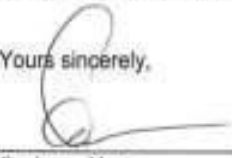
Mr. Zahid Akhter Zaman
Secretary, Irrigation Department
Province of Punjab, Old Anarkali Road
Lahore, Pakistan

Dear Mr. Zaman:

Subject: Loan Nos. 3159/3160(COL)-PAK: Trimmu and Panjnad Barrages Improvement Project - Amendments to Project Agreement

1. We refer to the Project Agreement dated 5 December 2014 between Province of Punjab ("Punjab") and Asian Development Bank ("ADB") for the captioned project ("Project Agreement"). All capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meaning given thereto in the Project Agreement, unless the context requires otherwise.
2. Following a request from the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, ADB approved, on 9 December 2019, changes in the Project concerning the inclusion of the Islam barrage in the project scope. To give effect to the changes, ADB proposes that the Project Agreement be amended as set out in Attachment 1.
3. Save and except to the extent set out above, the Project Agreement remains unchanged.
4. Pursuant to ADB's Access to Information Policy (2018) ("AIP"), the amendments to the Project Agreement will be posted on ADB's website within 2 weeks from the date that the amendments become effective, after removing any information that falls within the AIP exceptions as specified by Punjab.
5. Please indicate Punjab's concurrence to the amendments set out in paragraph 2 of this letter agreement and to the terms of this letter agreement by countersigning each of the two original of this letter agreement in the space indicated below. Please retain one signed original of this letter agreement for your records and return the other to ADB. The proposed amendments shall take effect on the date of receipt by ADB of a signed original of this letter agreement.

Yours sincerely,


Xiaohong Yang
Country Director

ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK
PAKISTAN RESIDENT MISSION
Level 8, North Wing, Serena Business Complex
Khayaban-e-Suhrawardy, G-5
Islamabad, Pakistan
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Attachment 1

Loan No. 3160(COL)-PAK: Trimmu and Panjnad Barrages Improvement Project

Amendments to Loan Agreement

1. A new Section 1.02(k) shall be inserted as follows, and the subparagraphs thereafter renumbered sequentially and all internal cross-references renumbered accordingly:

"(k) Islam Barrage refers to the barrage located on Sutlej River within the territory of Punjab;"

2. Section 1.02 (k) shall be revised to read as follows:

"LARPs" means the land acquisition and resettlement plan for the Project, including any update thereto, prepared and submitted by the Borrower and cleared by ADB, comprising of the (1) Trimmu and Panjnad Barrages LARP, and the (2) Islam Barrage LARP."

3. Section 1.02 (t) shall be revised to read as follows:

"Safeguards Monitoring Report" means each report prepared and submitted by the Borrower to ADB that describes compliance with the Environmental Safeguards, the Involuntary Resettlement Safeguards, and the Indigenous Peoples Safeguards (as applicable) and progress with implementation of and compliance with the EMPs and the respective LARPs, including any corrective and preventative actions;"

4. Schedule 1, Paragraph 1 shall be revised to read as follows:

"The objective of the Project is delivery of reliable irrigation water supplies from the safe and secured Trimmu, Panjnad and Islam Barrages to their canals."

5. Schedule 1, Paragraph 2(c) shall be inserted as follows, and the subparagraphs thereafter renumbered sequentially:

"(c) rehabilitating and upgrading the Islam Barrage including provision of climate proof infrastructure, upgrading social infrastructure (such as school and park); and"

6. Schedule 1, Paragraph 3 shall be revised to read as follows:

"The Project is expected to be completed by 30 June 2023."

7. The Table in the Attachment to Schedule 3 shall be deleted and replaced with the following:

ALLOCATION AND WITHDRAWAL OF LOAN PROCEEDS			
Number	Item	Total Amount Allocated for ADB Financing SDR	Basis for Withdrawal from the Loan Account
1A	Works (including EMP Implementation) (Package 1)	7,843,581	21% of total expenditure claimed
1B	Works (including EMP Implementation) (Package 2)	20,615,608	86% of total expenditure claimed
2	Mechanical & Electrical Works (Packages 1&2)	15,733,926	86% of total expenditure claimed
2A	Mechanical & Electrical Works (Package 3)	2,484,351	50% of total expenditure claimed
3	Resettlement (excluding cost of land acquisition)	409,052	100% of total expenditure claimed*
4	Consulting Services	6,353,160	88% of total expenditure claimed
5	Capacity Development 1	432,570	90% of total expenditure claimed
5A	Capacity Development 2	1,030,546	100% of total expenditure claimed
6	Recurrent Costs (PMO Salaries and Operating Costs)	3,260,425	84% of total expenditure claimed
7	Vehicles, Equipment and Supplies	145,381	88% of total expenditure claimed
8	Interest Charge	3,777,257	100% of amount due
9	Unallocated	2,896,143	
	Total (SDR)	64,982,000	

* Exclusive of taxes and duties within the territory of the Borrower.

8. Schedule 4, Paragraph 6 on Conditions for Award of Contract shall be revised to read as follows:

"6. The Borrower shall not award any Works contract which involves involuntary resettlement impacts, until the Borrower has prepared and submitted to ADB the final LARPs based on the Project's detailed design, and obtained ADB's clearance of the respective LARPs."

9. Under Schedule 4, a new Paragraph 7 on Conditions for Award of Contract shall be inserted as follows, and the subparagraphs thereafter renumbered sequentially and all internal cross-references renumbered accordingly:

"7. With respect to the Award of Contract for the Islam Barrage subproject, the Borrower shall not award any Works contract until:

- (a) Compensation have been provided to affected people in the Trimmu Barrage subproject and verified by an external monitor; and
- (b) Safeguards Monitoring Reports due under the Trimmu and Panjnad Barrages subprojects have been submitted to ADB."

10. Schedule 5, Paragraph 5(c) on Operations and Management (O&M) shall be revised to read as follows:

"(c) periodic inspections of the Trimmu, Panjnad and Islam Barrages by a panel of experts independent of PID and sediment removal, if recommended by the panel, are carried out every 5 years;"

11. Schedule 5, Paragraphs 7 and 8 on Land Acquisition and Involuntary Resettlement shall be revised to read as follows:

"7. The Borrower shall ensure, and cause Punjab to ensure, that all land and all rights-of-way required for the Project are made available to the Works contractor in a manner and within a timeframe compliant with the respective LARPs and all land acquisition and resettlement activities are implemented in compliance with (a) all applicable laws and regulations of the Borrower relating to land acquisition and involuntary resettlement; (b) the Involuntary Resettlement Safeguards; (c) all measures and requirements set forth in the respective LARPs, and any corrective or preventative actions set forth in the Safeguards Monitoring Report.

8. Without limiting the application of the Involuntary Resettlement Safeguards or the LARPs, the Borrower shall ensure and cause Punjab to ensure that (a) no land shall be acquired for the purposes of the Project under the emergency acquisition provisions of the Borrower's Land Acquisition Act (1984), as amended, and (b) no physical or economic displacement takes place in connection with the Project until:

- (i) compensation and other entitlements have been provided to affected people in accordance with the respective LARPs; and
- (ii) a comprehensive income and livelihood restoration program has been established in accordance with the respective LARPs."

12. Schedule 5, Paragraph 10(b) and (d) on Safeguards-Related Provisions in Bidding Documents and Works Contracts shall be revised to read as follows:

"10. x x x

(b) comply with the measures relevant to the contractor set forth in the respective IEEs and EMPs and the LARPs (to the extent they concern impacts on affected people during construction), and any corrective or preventative actions set forth in a Safeguards Monitoring Report;

x x x

(d) provide the Borrower with a written notice of any unanticipated environmental, resettlement or indigenous peoples risks or impacts that arise during construction, implementation or operation of the Project that were not considered in the respective IEEs and EMPs and the LARPs;"

13. Schedule 5, Paragraph 11 on Human and Financial Resources to Implement Safeguards Requirements shall be revised to read as follows:

"11. The Borrower shall make available, and cause Punjab to make available, necessary budgetary and human resources to fully implement the EMPs and the LARPs."

14. Schedule 5, Paragraph 12(b) and (d) on Safeguards Monitoring and Reporting shall be revised to read as follows:

"12. x x x

(b) if any unanticipated environmental and/or social risks and impacts arise during construction, implementation or operation of the Project that were not considered in the respective IEEs and EMPs or the LARPs, promptly inform ADB of the occurrence of such risks or impacts, with detailed description of the event and proposed corrective action plan;"

x x x

(d) Report any actual or potential breach of compliance with the measures and requirements set forth in the respective EMP or the LARPs promptly after becoming aware of the breach."

Annex 02 Suggested and Approved design Change as per DDC

REHABILITATION AND MODERNIZATION OF ISLAM BARRAGE ISLAM BARRAGE CONSULTANTS (IBC)

A Joint Venture of NDC-NESPAK-ACE-BQB in association with RDC

Ref. No.: IBC/11/38
Date: September 28, 2020

The Project Director/ Head
PMO for Punjab Barrages
Irrigation Department,
Canal Bank, Mustafa'abad,
Lahore.

**Subject: REHABILITATION AND MODERNIZATION OF ISLAM BARRAGE
Raising of Guide Banks**

Dear Sir,

The project proposed by DDC envisages raising of both the upstream guide banks to provide 7.0 ft freeboard over the highest recorded HFL. Only the long sections of the banks observed in 2008 were provided in the tender drawings. In this behalf we are to place the following before your kindself for perusal, consideration and concurrence or comments.

To get the present picture of the issue, the site was visited on 26/8/2020. It was noted that the crest of the two guide banks appear to have a minimum freeboard of about 4 to 6.5 ft over the designed HFL of 457.0 at the barrage and varying towards upstream nose. To confirm the actual site levels, we have got the guide banks resurveyed and the resulting cross sections are attached. These show that the crests of the guide banks have a reasonable freeboard in general.

Here it may be noted that all the river training works on the upstream have a freeboard of 5 ft in general. Also a reference to breaching section operation procedure, reveals that the breaching section will be activated when the flood water reaches RL 458.0 on the emergency gauge at RD 10+000. At this gauge the flood level at barrage is not likely to be more than 456 or a maximum of 456.5. Adding six feet the crest level raises to RL 461.5, which is generally available on both guide banks except some low patches which can be safely handled from PSDP / M&R funds.

The width of the vehicle track is limited to barely 10-12 ft due to continuous stone mounds lying on the guide banks crests, which will have to be shifted to some other available space and restacked on the guide banks after raising. This shifting and re-shifting process for 400,000 cft of stone will cost a heavy sum of about Rs. 4,796,400/-.

The country side land upto toe of the left guide bank was sold out in 2009. Raising of guide bank any further will not be possible because raising will mean setting back of the guide bank body which will require acquisition of some private land unlikely to mature at this stage.

Moreover, the stone lying on left guide bank is soft lime stone from Rohri quarry which may get deteriorated and cause substantial loss in useable stone quantity. Partial raising of the vehicle track will reduce the width which will be unplayable for vehicular traffic.

The crest level of the road way bridge of canals at Islam is at RL 463.58. The bottom level of bridge girders is 458.5. Raising of guide bank by more than the roadway level will be infructuous. Giving a flood level slope of 1 in 1600 upwards from road crest, the crest level of guide bunds should be $463.58 + 2 \text{ ft} = 465.58$ at the nose. These levels are all available in general excluding a few depressed patches.



Address: PMO Barrages,
Irrigation Department, Canal Bank,
Mustafa'abad, Lahore
Ph. #: 042-..... Email: ibcsoftr@gmail.com

The freeboard is designed to the following equation: (MIP-2017)

F (Freeboard) = Wave Run-up + wind set + River set + 1.0 ft where 1.0 ft is an additional provision for contingent requirements. On large rivers of Indus class, the wave runup and the wind set are larger due to large fetch existing opposite the embankment. For a 7.0 ft provision, the calculations would be:

F (Freeboard) = $3+1.0+1.0+2.0$ (contingent requirement raised to 2.0 ft for large and wide river of Indus class with large fetch and depths).

At Islam the fetch opposite guide banks is only 1621 ft, rather it reduces at the guide bank noses as the guide banks at Islam are converging type.

Hence the wave runup will be no more than 1.0 ft and thus the freeboard works out to:
 $1.0+1.0+1.0+2.0 = 5.0$ ft

This is by and large available at Islam barrage.

Since the barrage is only 1621 ft long, there is no chance of development of seriously damaging wave action (more than 2.0 ft) thus reducing the freeboard requirement for guide bank crest. A freeboard of 4 to 6 ft is generally available and the depressed patches can well be restored under M&R funds.

The guide banks of this barrage were originally designed with a freeboard of 4.0 ft (459-455) in 1926 (Barrage record referred). The guide banks are heavily encroached and raising can only be done by removing the encroachments, for which a LARP amounting to Rs. 19 million plus stands approved.

The encroachments on the RGB have completely blocked the guide bank top, leaving insufficient space for plying even flood fighting traffic / vehicles.

Encroachments are likely to re-occur in view of the local conditions.

If raising of guide banks under this project is deleted, we will also save the large LARP expenditure of over Rs. 19 million.

However, in view of your email of 25/9/2020, conveying some concerns and requirement of clarification indicated by the ABD, we may add:

- i) The remodeled barrage will be capable of passing the new design (100 years flood discharge) of 332,000 cfs even without the raising of guide banks.
- ii) Any other decision for raising of guide banks can only be taken on removal of stone dumped on guide banks, which is very much uncertain.
- iii) Unless the condition at (ii) above is met and raising work started, the encroachers (squatters) will not be impacted by the project.
- iv) If condition at (ii) above is met and decision is taken at any belated stage to raise the guide banks, the encroachers (squatters) will have to be dealt with as per Government Policy.
- v) The draft settlement plan submitted to the bank will become redundant on exclusion of raising of guide banks from the project scope.
- vi) With approval of the above amended scope, there will be no movement of project vehicles or machinery on the guide banks and so environment and safety conditions will not be compromised.

We therefore are of the opinion that raising of guide banks may be deleted from this foreign funded project and undertaken under local funding by the Executive Engineer, Islam Division Pallah.

With best regards and assuring you of our best professional services at all times, we remain.

Sincerely yours


SYED MANSOOR ALI ZAIDI
Team Leader IBC

PS: This supersedes our letter # IBC/11/27 dated September 8, 2020.

Annex 03 Attendance Sheets of Meetings and Consultations

EMC FIELD VISIT

Attendance Sheet of Meeting with DPs of Islam Barrage TPIBIP

Dated: 19-2-21

LGB

S.No	Name	Address & Mobile No.	Signature
1	محمد طه ولد محمد بنش	LGB 0307-8353089	
2	محمد صديق ولد الشاروق	LGB 0306-6843899	
3	محمد اشتياق ولد محمد بنش	LGB 0308-5667337	
4	محمد شمس ولد محمد بنش	LGB 0304-7034276	محمد الشاروق
5	اشفاق ولد سيارا	LGB 0307-5215687	الشاروق

Dated: 20-2-21

RGB

S.No	Name	Address & Mobile No.	Signature
1	كاكو خان ولد جاكسون	RGB	
2	منظور احمد ولد كاكو خان	RGB 0300-4188821	منظور احمد
3	محمد احمد ولد كاكو خان	RGB 0300-8796715	محمد احمد
4	عبد قادر ولد قاسم علي	RGB	
5	محمد شمس ولد كاكو خان	RGB 0301-7924303	

Attendance Sheet of Meeting with Females at Islam Barrage TPIBIP

Dated: 19-2-21

LGB

S.No	Name	Address & Mobile No.	Signature
1	مستتر محمد الشاروق	LGB	
2	مستتر محمد صديق	LGB	
3	مستتر محمد اشتياق	LGB	
4	مستتر محمد بنش	LGB	
5	مستتر عبد القادر	LGB	

Annex 04 Sharing of Design Modification with ADB

From: PMO(Punjab Barrages), IPD, LHR <pmoipd@yahoo.com>
Sent: Thursday, October 1, 2020 2:50 PM
To: Asad Ali. Zafar <asadzafar@adb.org>
Cc: Umair Amin <uamin@adb.org>; Sajid Iftikhar <siftikhar@pmo-pb.gop.pk>; Pervez Arif <parif@pmo-pb.gop.pk>

Subject: Re: REHABILITATION AND MODERNIZATION OF ISLAM BARRAGE – Consultants' Report regarding omission of Raising of Guide Banks from Scope of Work

Dear Asad Zafar Sahib,

Kindly refer to your email appended below. Annotated replies to the clarification sought by the ADB, based on design review are given as follows.

Sr. #	ADB Observations	PMO Reply
i	Without guide-bank raising, the safety of barrage is ensured with current free-board and proposed increase in flood passage capacity,	The remodeled barrage will be capable of passing safely the new design (100 years flood discharge) of 332,000 cs even without the raising of guide banks.
ii	Decision on raising will be taken only after utilizing or removing the stone (uncertain),	Any other decision for raising of guide banks in its entire width & length can only be taken on removal of stone dumped on guide banks, which is very much uncertain.
iii	Unless condition (ii) is met, the encroachments [squatters] will not be impacted in the project,	Unless the condition at (ii) above is met and raising work started, the encroachers (squatters) will not be impacted by the project.
iv	Once condition (ii) is met in the project, PMU will ensure encroachments [squatters] are compensated according to the ADB's SPS, loan and project agreements with prior RP approval,	If condition at (ii) above is met and decision is taken at any belated stage to raise the guide banks within the currency of the Project, the encroachers (squatters) will have to be dealt with as per ADB Policy.
v	Advise on draft RP submitted to ADB	The draft settlement plan submitted to the bank will become redundant on exclusion of raising of guide banks from the project scope.
vi	Construction works especially movement of construction machinery on guide banks will not compromise environment and safety conditions.	With approval of the above amended scope, there will be no movement of project vehicles or machinery on the guide banks and so environment and safety conditions will not be compromised.

With best regards,

Amjad Saeed

Head / Project Director

PMO Punjab Barrages

Projects Office Building, Irrigation Department,

Canal Bank, Mustafa Abad, Lahore, Pakistan.

Phone: +92-42-99 250 351

Fax: +92-42-99 250 352

URL: www.pmo-pb.gop.pk

Annex 05 Notification of Displaced Persons Committee (DPC)

Organization of Displaced Persons Committee

At Islam Barrages Project

Today dated July 19, 2018 at Let Guide Bund of Islam Barrage, all displaced Persons gathered for important session. The purpose of this session was to organize a committee of displaced persons. Before organizing the committee, the Director Social & Environment, PMO Punjab Barrages, Irrigation Department, Lahore informed about the objectives of the committee and also informed about the functions of the committee members. He further explained that this committee will be consisted on five members. Out of five members, one lady member will be selected as representative of the females. In this session, following displaced persons participated as listed below:


Sr. No.	ID No.	Name of Participants	Signature
1	LGB-1	Muhammad Sharif S/O Ahmed Bukhsh	Sign
2	LGB-2	Muhammad Mukhtiar S/O Muhammad Sharif	Sign
3	LGB-3	Muhammad Zafar S/O Muhammad Bukhsh	Sign
4	LGB-4	Abdul Ghaffar S/O Noor Muhammad	Sign
5	LGB-5	Muhammad Hanif S/O Allah Ditta	Sign
6	LGB-6	Muhammad Ashfaq S/O Muhammad Bakhsh	Sign
7	LGB-7	Muhammad Dilshad S/O Muhammad Bakhsh	Sign
8	LGB-8	Allah Rakha S/O Allah Ditta	Sign
9	LGB-9	Allah Ditta S/O Basara	Sign
10	LGB-10	Muhammad Nadeem S/O Muhammad Shafi	Sign
11	RGB-1	Muhammad Farooq S/O Abdul Aziz	Sign
12	RGB-2	Manzoor Ahmad S/O Kaku Khan	Sign
13	RGB-3	Muhammad Jehangir S/O M. Hussain	Sign
14	RGB-4	Kaku Khan S/O Chaker Khan	Sign
15	RGB-5	Muhammad Akhtar S/O Kaku Khan	Sign
16	RGB-6	Muhammad Mansha S/O Kaku Khan	Sign
17	RGB-7	Muhammad Amin S/O Qasim Khan Bhatti	Sign
18	RGB-8	Ghulam Qadir S/O Qasim Ali	Sign
19	RGB-9	Mehmood Khan S/O Atta Muhammad	Sign
20	RGB-10	Allah Ditta S/O Aziz Ahmad	Sign
21	RGB-11	Muhammad Zafar S/O Fateh Muhammad	Sign
22	RGB-12	Irshad Bibi W/O Muhammad Sharif	Sign
23	RGB-13	Muhammad Hanif S/O Muhammad Azeem	Sign
24	RGB-14	Amir Ali Shah S/O Raheem Ali Shah	Sign
25	RGB-15	Muhammad Nawaz S/O Ali Muhammad	Sign

After detailed discussion among the displaced persons, they have selected the five members with mutual consensus. The detail of displaced persons committee is as under:

Sr.No	Office	Name	Location/ID
1	Chairman	Muhammad Zafar S/O Muhammad Bukhsh	LGB
2	Vice Chairman	Muhammad Nawaz S/O Ali Muhammad	RGB
3	Treasurer	Allah Ditta S/O Basara	LGB
4	General Secretary	Muhammad Hanif S/O Muhammad Azeem	RGB
5	Member	Irshad Bibi W/O Muhammad Sharif	RGB

This Committee was certified by the Director Social and Environment PMO Barrages, and Deputy Director M&E PMO Barrages, Irrigation Department, Lahore. This session was ended with the vote of thanks.

Annex-06 Notification of Grievance Redressal Committees



Project Management Office (PMO) Punjab Barrages
Rehabilitation and Modernization Projects
Irrigation Department, Canal Bank, Mustafaabad, Lahore
☎ 042-99250351, e-mail: pmoipd@yahoo.com
Website: www.pmo-pb.gop.pk

No. 522 / HPMO / PMO
Dated: July 13 2018


**REHABILITATION AND UPGRADING OF ISLAM BARRAGE
ESTABLISHMENT OF 1st TIER GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL CELL (GRC-I)**

NOTIFICATION

A Grievance Redressal Cell (GRC) for the Rehabilitation and Upgrading of Islam Barrage Project is hereby constituted with the following composition to address the outstanding / unsettled issues of the local people relating works Contract of the Project.

1. Resident Engineer (Civil),	Convener
2. Environmentalist of SCs	Member
3. Deputy Director Sociology (ESU),	Member
4. Administrative Officer of Contractor	Member
5. Incharge HSE of Contractor	Member
6. Representative of Displace Persons Committee	Member

The 1st Tier Grievance Redressal Cell (GRC-I) will immediately respond the issues / complaints at the local level of the project. This Cell shall hear the appeals of the Affectees and local people of the Project regarding temporary employment with Contractor as well as other issues of the local community on priority basis and dispose off the cases. This Committee will refer the complaints and issues of the displaced persons regarding entitlements and missing claims to the second tier Grievance Redressal Committee (GRC-II) for their disposal.


Head Project Director
PMO-Punjab Barrages

Copy of above is forwarded for information to:-

- Director Social (ESU), PMO Punjab Barrages, Irrigation Department, Lahore.
- Team Leader (SCs), Islam Barrage Project, Lahore.
- Resident Engineer, (SCs) at Islam Barrage.
- Environmentalist (SCs) at Islam Barrages.
- Deputy Director Sociology (ESU) (PMO) at Islam Barrage.
- Administrative Officer of Contractor at Islam Barrage.
- In charge of HSE of Contractor at Islam Barrage.
- Chairman Displaced Persons Committee.



Project Management Office (PMO) Punjab Barrages
Rehabilitation and Modernization Projects
Irrigation Department, Canal Bank, Mustafa-abad, Lahore
☎ 042-99250351, e-mail: pmoipd@yahoo.com
Website: www.pmo-pb.gov.pk

No. 523 / HPMO / PMO
Dated: July 13, 2018

**REHABILITATION AND UPGRADING OF ISLAM BARRAGE
ESTABLISHMENT OF 2nd TIER GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL COMMITTEE (GRC-II)**

NOTIFICATION

In pursuance of implementation of the Resettlement Plan of Islam Barrage Project, a 2nd Tier Grievance Redressal Committee (GRC) for Islam Barrage is hereby constituted with the following composition to address resolution of outstanding/unsettled issues resulting from the Grievance Redressal Cell deliberations/proceedings:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 1. Deputy Project Director / Director Technical | Convener |
| 2. Director Social and Environment | Member |
| 3. Deputy Director Sociology | Member |
| 4. Environmentalist SCs | Member |
| 5. Sociologist SCs | Member |
| 6. Representative of Displaced Persons Committee | Member |

The 2nd Tier, GRC-II will resolve complaints and issues of entitlements of the displaced persons that are not resolved at the local level by the 1st Tier and require formal review by the executing agency PID / PMO. The committee shall hear the appeals of the displaced persons regarding amount of compensations, increase in compensation, provision of other allowances as well as temporary employment with the contractor and dispose-off the same.


Head Project Director
PMO-Punjab Barrages

Copy of above is forwarded for information to:-

- Deputy Project Director / Director Technical (Islam) PMO Barrages, Lhr.
- Director Social (ESU), PMO Punjab Barrages, Irrigation Department, Lahore.
- Deputy Director Sociology (ESU) (PMO) at Islam Barrage.
- Environmentalist SCs at Islam Barrage.
- Sociologist at Islam Barrage.
- Chairman Displaced Persons Committee.