

ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK MEMBER FACT SHEET



Established in 1966, ADB has committed \$275.82 billion in loans to the vision of an Asia and Pacific region free of poverty. Singapore is a founding member of ADB.

SINGAPORE: SHAREHOLDING AND VOTING POWER

Number of shares held:
36,120 (0.340% of total shares)

Votes:
75,817 (0.570% of total membership,
0.877% of total regional membership)

Overall capital subscription:
\$502.35 million

Paid-in capital subscription:
\$25.12 million

SINGAPORE

The Asian Development Bank (ADB) is dedicated to reducing poverty in Asia and the Pacific through inclusive economic growth, environmentally sustainable growth, and regional integration.

Established in 1966, it is owned by 68 members—49 from the region—who have committed \$275.82 billion in loans to the vision of a region free of poverty.

Despite the region's many successes, it remains home to the majority of the world's poor.

Singapore has contributed \$502.35 million in capital subscription as of 31 December 2018. It has contributed and committed \$27.94 million to Special Funds since joining in 1966.

Companies and consultants from Singapore have since been awarded \$780.91 million in procurement contracts on ADB-financed projects.

In 2018, the lending volume was \$19.88 billion (126 projects), with technical assistance at \$241.2 million (280 projects) and grant-financed

projects at \$1.42 billion (44 projects). In addition, \$14 billion was generated in commitments from direct value-added cofinancing.

From 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2018, ADB's annual lending volume averaged \$15.99 billion. In addition, investment grants and technical assistance funded by ADB and Special Funds resources averaged \$583.95 million and \$184 million in technical assistance over the same period.

As of 31 December 2018, the cumulative totals excluding cofinancing were \$275.82 billion in loans for 3,090 projects in 44 countries, \$9.38 billion in 374 grants, and \$4.52 billion in technical assistance grants, including regional technical assistance grants.

In addition to loans, grants, and technical assistance, ADB uses guarantees and equity investments to help its developing member countries.

With headquarters in Manila, ADB has 32 offices around the world with 3,381 staff from 60 members as of 31 December 2018.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO SPECIAL FUNDS RESOURCES

Singapore has contributed to the [Asian Development Fund \(ADF\)](#), which was ADB's window for concessional lending to its borrowing members up to 31 December 2016 and retaining the ADF support as a grant-only operation from 1 January 2017; and the [Technical Assistance Special Fund \(TASF\)](#), which provides grants to borrowing members to help prepare projects and undertake technical or policy studies.

Contributions:
ADF (committed): \$24.66 million
TASF (committed): \$3.28 million



COFINANCING

ADB arranges cofinancing from bilateral and multilateral sources, export credit agencies, and commercial sources in the form of official loans and grants, other concessional cofinancing, B loans, risk transfer arrangements, parallel loans and equity, guarantees, and cofinancing for transactions under ADB's [Trade Finance Program](#). Cofinancing brings additional resources to ADB's project financing. In 2018, total direct value-added cofinancing commitments amounted to \$14 billion for 175 projects, of which \$13.87 billion was for 76 investment projects and \$129.89 million was for 99 technical assistance projects. Cumulative direct value-added cofinancing commitments for the period 1970–2018 amounted to \$97.97 billion for 2,697 projects, of which \$95.73 billion was for 914 investment projects and \$2.24 billion was for 1,783 technical assistance projects.

Cofinancing commitments with Singapore from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2018 comprised the following:

Projects

- Commercial Cofinancing: 4 projects, cofinancing of \$458.87 million

Trust Funds

Trust funds are key instruments to mobilize and channel external sources to finance technical assistance and components of investment projects. They play an important role in complementing ADB's own funding resources. Initially, trust funds were established through single-donor channel financing agreements targeting a number of specific sectors. ADB has been increasingly switching to multi-donor trust funds covering thematic issues. A more recent development is the establishment of trust funds under theme-focused umbrella initiatives, called financing partnership facilities, which support priority areas in ADB's long-term strategic framework, [Strategy 2030](#), such as water, clean energy, regional cooperation and integration, urban sector financing, and health.

NONSOVEREIGN OPERATIONS

As a catalyst for private investments, ADB provides financial assistance to nonsovereign projects and financial intermediaries. Total commitments from ADB's own funds (in equity and direct loans) in 2018 amounted to \$3.14 billion for 32 transactions in

economic and social infrastructure, the finance sector, and agribusiness. ADB also actively mobilizes cofinancing from commercial and concessional sources. In 2018, ADB mobilized \$3.17 billion of long-term cofinancing and \$3.99 billion of cofinancing in trade finance, microfinance, and supply chain finance programs. Total outstanding balances and commitments of nonsovereign transactions funded by ADB's own resources stood at \$12.7 billion as of 31 December 2018.

The Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited and ADB have cofinanced an energy project in Indonesia. Temasek invested in a regional private equity fund, alongside ADB.

PROCUREMENT

Each year, ADB provides loans, grants, and technical assistance to fund projects and activities in its developing member countries; and several billion dollars in contracts to procure goods, works, and consulting services. Most contracts are awarded on the basis of international competition, which is open to firms and individuals from any ADB member, regional or nonregional.

Investment Projects Cofinanced with Singapore, 1 January 2014–31 December 2018

Country	Project	ADB Amount ^a (\$ million)	Cofinancing Amount (\$ million)	Type of Cofinancing ^b
Indonesia	Jawa-1 Liquefied Natural Gas-to-Power Project	185.05	61.01	C
	Tangguh Liquefied Natural Gas Expansion Project	400.00	270.00	C
Myanmar	Myingyan Natural Gas Power Plant	152.20	95.90	C
Regional	Trade Finance Program ^c	908.74	31.96	C

^a Loan, grant, or blend.

^b C = commercial cofinancing.

^c The \$1 billion limit for ADB's Regional Trade Finance Program (TFP), approved by the Board of Directors in 2009, is the maximum exposure the TFP can assume at any one point in time. This limit has never been breached. Although the TFP exposure exceeded \$1 billion annually from 2014 to 2018, the TFP limit was not breached at any one point in time because TFP transactions tend to be short—on average less than 180 days—and the TFP limit can revolve (be reused) within a year. In addition, the TFP distributes risk exposures to various partners that leverage its capital resources.

Singapore's Share of Procurement Contracts for Loan, Grant, and Technical Assistance Projects

Item	2017		2018		Cumulative (as of 31 Dec 2018)	
	Amount (\$ million)	% of Total	Amount (\$ million)	% of Total	Amount (\$ million)	% of Total
Goods, Works, and Related Services	2.08	0.02	7.37	0.06	678.63	0.38
Consulting Services	5.62	0.75	5.28	0.76	102.28	0.81
Total Procurement	7.71	0.07	12.65	0.10	780.91	0.40

Top 5 Contractors/Suppliers from Singapore Involved in Goods, Works, and Related Services Contracts under ADB Loan and Grant Projects, 1 January 2014–31 December 2018

Contractor/Supplier	Sector	Contract Amount (\$ million)
Teacly (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	WUS	26.21
Zicom Equipment Pte. Ltd.	ENE	23.54
TBEA Co. Ltd. - Huawei Consortium	ENE	10.58
Comin Asia Pte.	ENE	6.74
S.T. Electronics Pte. Ltd.	TRA	4.16
Others		9.07
Total		80.30

ENE = energy, TRA = transport, WUS = water and other urban infrastructure and services.

Top 5 Consultants from Singapore Involved in Consulting Services Contracts under ADB Loan, Grant, and Technical Assistance Projects, 1 January 2014–31 December 2018

Consultant	Sector	Contract Amount (\$ million)
Finnish Consulting Group Asia Pte. Ltd.	MUL, PSM, WUS	4.52
Det Norske Veritas Pte. Ltd.	ENE	2.78
Ernst & Young Solutions LLP	EDU, HLT	2.19
Duke–NUS Graduate Medical School	HLT	2.06
Mott MacDonald Singapore Pte. Ltd.	MUL, PSM	1.77
Individual Consultants		3.26
Others		11.67
Total		28.26

EDU = education, ENE = energy, HLT = health, MUL = multisector, PSM = public sector management, WUS = water and other urban infrastructure and services.

Share of ADB's Procurement Contracts

Goods, Works, and Related Services

ADB's procurement contracts in Asia and the Pacific for goods, works, and related services under loan and grant operations totaled \$10.2 billion in 2017 and \$12.55 billion in 2018. Cumulative procurement since 1966

has been \$180.86 billion covering 215,461 contracts.

In Singapore, 2,075 contracts worth \$678.63 million have been awarded to contractors and suppliers since 1966.

Consulting Services

ADB's procurement contracts in Asia and the Pacific for consulting services under loan, grant, and

technical assistance operations totaled \$746.79 million in 2017 and \$696.18 million in 2018. Cumulative procurement since 1966 has been \$12.7 billion covering 59,248 contracts.

In Singapore, 363 contracts worth \$102.28 million have been awarded to consultants since 1966.



The Kandy-Mahiyangana national highway in central Sri Lanka was upgraded under the ADB-supported National Highways Sector Project.

ADB GOVERNOR

Heng Swee Keat is the Governor for Singapore in ADB.

ADB ALTERNATE GOVERNOR

Tan Ching Yee is the Alternate Governor for Singapore in ADB.

ADB DIRECTOR AND ALTERNATE DIRECTOR

Anuar bin Ariffin (Malaysia) is the Director and **Ram Saran Pudasaini** (Nepal) is the Alternate Director representing Singapore on the ADB Board of Directors.

ADB DIRECTOR'S ADVISORS

Somkid Boonlornlear (Thailand) and **San San Oo** (Myanmar), together with the Director and Alternate Director, also provide technical advice and assist interested parties of the constituency members in their contacts with ADB.

CONSTITUENCY REPRESENTED

The constituency that Director bin Ariffin and Alternate Director Pudasaini represent on the ADB Board of Directors also includes Brunei Darussalam, Malaysia, Myanmar, Nepal, and Thailand.

ADB STAFF MEMBERS

As of 31 December 2018, there were 13 international staff from Singapore in ADB (nine men and four women), which represents 1.05% of the total international staff, including three senior staff members.

ANNUAL MEETING

ADB's fourth Annual Meeting was held in Singapore on 15–17 April 1971.

CONTACTS

ADB Headquarters

6 ADB Avenue, Mandaluyong City

1550 Metro Manila, Philippines

Tel +63 2 8632 4444

Fax +63 2 8636 2444

www.adb.org

(Please omit the "8" from ADB HQ numbers until Manila numbers change on 8 October 2019.)

Notes:

ADB welcomed Niue as its 68th member in March 2019.

Figures are estimated by ADB unless otherwise stated. "\$" refers to United States dollars.

Data are updated as of 31 December 2018 unless otherwise indicated. Fact sheets are published annually in April.