

## Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture

Table 1.2.1: Selected Indicators for Sustainable Development Goal 2—Zero Hunger

ADB Regional Member	Target 2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious, and sufficient food all year round		Target 2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women, and older persons					
	2.1.1: Prevalence of Undernourishment (%)		2.2.1: Prevalence of Stunting among Children under 5 Years of Age <sup>a</sup> (%)		2.2.2c: Prevalence of Malnutrition (Overweight) among Children under 5 Years of Age <sup>a</sup> (%)		2.2.2d: Prevalence of Malnutrition (Wasting) among Children under 5 Years of Age <sup>a</sup> (%)	
	2001 <sup>b</sup>	2018 <sup>c</sup>	2000	2017	2000	2017	2000	2017
<b>Developing ADB Member Economies</b>								
<b>Central and West Asia</b>								
Afghanistan	47.8	29.9	59.3 (2004)	38.2 (2018)	4.6 (2004)	4.1 (2018)	8.6 (2004)	5.1 (2018)
Armenia	26.2	2.6	17.3	9.4 (2016)	15.7	13.7 (2016)	2.5	4.4 (2016)
Azerbaijan	17.1	<2.5	24.2	17.8 (2013)	6.2	14.1 (2013)	9.0	3.2 (2013)
Georgia	7.8	8.2	14.6 (2005)	...	20.8 (2005)	...	3.0 (2005)	...
Kazakhstan	6.6	<2.5	17.5 (2006)	8.0 (2015)	16.9 (2006)	9.3 (2015)	4.9 (2006)	3.1 (2015)
Kyrgyz Republic	15.3	6.4	18.1 (2006)	11.8 (2018)	10.7 (2006)	6.9 (2018)	3.4 (2006)	2.0 (2018)
Pakistan	21.2	12.3	41.4 (2001)	37.6 (2018)	4.8 (2001)	2.5 (2018)	14.1 (2001)	7.1 (2018)
Tajikistan	...	...	42.1	17.5	6.8 (2005)	3.3	9.4	5.6
Turkmenistan	6.9	4.0	28.1	11.5 (2015)	4.5 (2006)	5.9 (2015)	7.1	4.2 (2015)
Uzbekistan	18.0	2.6	24.9 (2002)	10.8	11.0 (2002)	4.6	9.0 (2002)	1.8
<b>East Asia</b>								
China, People's Republic of	10.6	<2.5	17.8	8.1 (2013)	3.4	9.1 (2013)	2.5	1.9 (2013)
Hong Kong, China	<2.5 <sup>d</sup> (2000)	<2.5 <sup>e</sup> (2017)	...	...	...	...	...	...
Korea, Republic of	<2.5	<2.5	2.5 (2003)	2.5 (2010)	6.2 (2003)	7.3 (2010)	0.9 (2003)	1.2 (2010)
Mongolia	31.2	21.3	29.8	9.4 (2018)	12.7	10.5 (2018)	7.1	0.9 (2018)
Taipei, China	3.7	3.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>South Asia</b>								
Bangladesh	16.0	13.0	51.1	30.8 (2018)	0.9	2.2 (2018)	12.5	8.4 (2018)
Bhutan	...	...	34.9 (2008)	33.5 (2010)	5.4 (2008)	7.6 (2010)	4.5 (2008)	5.9 (2010)
India	18.6	14.0	47.8 (2006)	34.7	1.9 (2006)	1.6	20.0 (2006)	17.3
Maldives	14.0 <sup>d</sup> (2000)	10.3 <sup>e</sup> (2017)	31.9 (2001)	...	3.9 (2001)	...	13.4 (2001)	...
Nepal	23.6	6.1	57.1 (2001)	36.0 (2016)	0.7 (2001)	1.2 (2016)	11.3 (2001)	9.6 (2016)
Sri Lanka	17.0	7.6	18.4	17.3 (2016)	1.0	2.0 (2016)	15.5	15.1 (2016)
<b>Southeast Asia</b>								
Brunei Darussalam	2.6	<2.5	19.7 (2009)	...	8.3 (2009)	...	2.9 (2009)	...
Cambodia	23.7	14.5	49.0	32.4 (2014)	4.0	2.2 (2014)	17.1	9.7 (2014)
Indonesia	19.3	9.0	42.4	30.5 (2018)	1.5	8.0 (2018)	5.5	10.2 (2018)
Lao People's Democratic Republic	37.7 <sup>d</sup> (2000)	16.5 <sup>e</sup> (2017)	47.5	33.1	2.7	3.5	17.5	9.0
Malaysia	2.6	3.0	17.2 (2006)	20.7 (2016)	...	6.0 (2016)	...	11.5 (2016)
Myanmar	37.7	14.1	40.8	29.4 (2016)	2.4	1.5 (2016)	10.7	6.6 (2016)
Philippines	18.8	14.5	33.8 (2003)	30.3 (2018)	2.4 (2003)	4.0 (2018)	6.0 (2003)	5.6 (2018)
Singapore	...	...	4.4	...	2.6	...	3.6	...
Thailand	17.4	9.3	15.7 (2006)	10.5 (2016)	8.0 (2006)	8.2 (2016)	4.7 (2006)	5.4 (2016)
Timor-Leste	41.6	30.9	55.7 (2002)	51.7 (2013)	5.7 (2002)	1.6 (2013)	13.7 (2002)	9.9 (2013)
Viet Nam	19.8	6.4	43.2	23.8	2.6	5.9	6.1	5.8
<b>The Pacific</b>								
Cook Islands	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fiji	4.0	3.9	7.5 (2004)	...	5.1 (2004)	...	6.3 (2004)	...
Kiribati	4.4	3.0	...	34.8	...	4.1	...	3.5
Marshall Islands	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Micronesia, Federated States of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nauru	...	...	24.0 (2007)	...	2.8 (2007)	...	1.0 (2007)	...
Niue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Palau	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Papua New Guinea	...	...	43.9 (2005)	49.5 (2010)	3.4 (2005)	13.7 (2010)	4.4 (2005)	14.1 (2010)
Samoa	3.5	<2.5	...	4.9 (2014)	...	5.3 (2014)	...	3.9 (2014)
Solomon Islands	13.1	13.2	32.8 (2007)	31.7 (2015)	2.5 (2007)	4.5 (2015)	4.3 (2007)	8.5 (2015)
Tonga	...	...	...	8.1 (2012)	...	17.3 (2012)	...	5.2 (2012)
Tuvalu	...	...	10.0 (2007)	...	6.3 (2007)	...	3.3 (2007)	...
Vanuatu	7.5	9.8	25.7 (2007)	28.9 (2013)	4.7 (2007)	4.9 (2013)	5.9 (2007)	4.7 (2013)
<b>Developed ADB Member Economies</b>								
Australia	<2.5	<2.5	2.0 (2007)	...	7.7 (2007)	22.0	- (2007)	...
Japan	<2.5	<2.5	...	7.1 (2010)	...	1.5 (2010)	...	2.3 (2010)
New Zealand	<2.5	<2.5	...	...	...	...	...	...

... = data not available, < = less than, - = magnitude equals zero, ADB = Asian Development Bank.

- a According to the World Health Organization (WHO), the estimates for some economies were adjusted where necessary to be nationally representative and to cover the age range 0–5 years, which might result in slight differences in prevalence from the results reported in the original WHO survey. Estimates for some economies are also pending reanalysis by WHO. Details can be found in the “Notes” column of the joint child malnutrition dataset.
- b Data refer to 3-year average for 2000–2002.
- c Data refer to 3-year average for 2017–2019.
- d Data refer to 3-year average for 1999–2001.
- e Data refer to 3-year average for 2016–2018.

Sources: For Indicator 2.1.1: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. FAOSTAT Database. <http://www.fao.org/faostat/> (accessed 15 July 2020). For Hong Kong, China; the Lao People's Democratic Republic; and Maldives: United Nations Statistics Division. Global SDG Indicators Database. <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/> (accessed 15 July 2020). For Indicators 2.2.1, 2.2.2c, and 2.2.2d: United Nations Statistics Division. Global SDG Indicators Database. <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/> (accessed 15 July 2020).

## Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture

Table 1.2.2: Selected Indicators for Sustainable Development Goal 2—Improved Agricultural Investment

Target 2.a: Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development, and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries				
ADB Regional Member	2.a.1: The Agriculture Orientation Index for Government Expenditures		2.a.2: Total Official Flows to the Agriculture Sector <sup>a</sup> (constant 2018 \$ million)	
	2001	2018	2000	2018
<b>Developing ADB Member Economies</b>				
<b>Central and West Asia</b>	...	...	<b>307.8</b>	<b>1,265.8</b>
Afghanistan	0.1 (2003)	0.2	4.6	265.1
Armenia	0.2 (2009)	0.1	15.5	55.7
Azerbaijan	0.4 (2008)	0.5	77.1	6.8
Georgia	0.0 (2003)	0.3	37.9	45.2
Kazakhstan	0.4	0.4	3.7	15.6
Kyrgyz Republic	0.1	0.1	83.9	21.8
Pakistan	0.0	0.0	60.8	271.2
Tajikistan	...	...	24.1	32.0
Turkmenistan	...	...	0.0	1.6
Uzbekistan	...	0.3	0.2	550.9
<b>East Asia</b>	...	...	<b>341.2</b>	<b>533.4</b>
China, People's Republic of	0.3 (2007)	0.3	336.8	515.1
Hong Kong, China	...	...	...	...
Korea, Republic of	1.6	0.7	...	...
Mongolia	0.2	0.1 (2015)	4.4	18.2
Taipei, China	...	...	...	...
<b>South Asia</b>	...	...	<b>712.0</b>	<b>1,046.6</b>
Bangladesh	0.2	0.4 (2016)	349.3	256.5
Bhutan	0.3	0.8	6.1	9.5
India	0.2	0.4	230.1	609.6
Maldives	0.2	0.1	0.0	4.9
Nepal	0.2 (2002)	0.3	72.8	90.7
Sri Lanka	0.4	0.6	53.7	75.4
<b>Southeast Asia</b>	...	...	<b>920.5</b>	<b>1,241.1</b>
Brunei Darussalam	...	...	...	...
Cambodia	...	...	164.1	114.4
Indonesia	0.2 (2004)	0.1 (2013)	203.4	222.9
Lao People's Democratic Republic	...	...	28.5	100.4
Malaysia	0.4	0.3	8.8	2.7
Myanmar	...	0.1	2.1	219.9
Philippines	0.3	0.3	367.4	221.7
Singapore	2.0	12.8	...	...
Thailand	0.9	0.7	29.4	8.5
Timor-Leste	1.2 (2008)	0.2 (2015)	8.8	28.2
Viet Nam	0.1 (2006)	0.2 (2014)	108.0	322.4
<b>The Pacific<sup>b</sup></b>	...	...	<b>100.3</b>	<b>95.3</b>
Cook Islands	0.7 (2005)	0.9 (2013)	0.0	0.0
Fiji	0.3 (2005)	0.4	1.0	14.1
Kiribati	...	...	7.9	3.4
Marshall Islands	0.1 (2008)	0.1	3.3	1.5
Micronesia, Federated States of	...	0.2	9.8	1.9
Nauru	...	...	0.2 (2003)	0.3
Niue	...	...	0.0 (2002)	0.0
Palau	0.1 (2008)	0.2	0.2	5.8
Papua New Guinea	0.1	...	60.1	44.6
Samoa	...	0.4	2.7	2.8
Solomon Islands	...	0.1 (2015)	3.6	8.3
Tonga	...	...	0.2	1.9
Tuvalu	...	...	7.4 (2001)	2.0
Vanuatu	0.1 (2005)	0.2 (2012)	3.9	8.8
<b>Developed ADB Member Economies</b>	...	...	...	...
Australia	0.2	0.2	...	...
Japan	...	...	...	...
New Zealand	0.3 (2004)	...	...	...
<b>DEVELOPING ADB MEMBER ECONOMIES<sup>b</sup></b>	...	...	<b>2,381.7</b>	<b>4,182.2</b>

... = data not available, 0.0 = magnitude is less than half of unit employed, \$ = United States dollars, ADB = Asian Development Bank.

a Total official flows refer to official development assistance plus other official flows. Data refer to gross disbursements.

b For reporting economies only.

Source: United Nations Statistics Division. Global SDG Indicators Database. <https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/> (accessed 20 July 2020).

Click on the indicator name in the table header to access the time series in the Key Indicators Database.