

Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development

Table 1.17.1: Selected Indicators for Sustainable Development Goal 17—Financial Sustainability of Developing Countries

| ADB Regional Member | Target 17.4: Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief, and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress | | Target 17.9: Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South, and triangular cooperation | |
|--|--|------------|---|--------------------|
| | 17.4.1: Debt Service as a Proportion of Exports of Goods and Services (%) | | 17.9.1: Dollar Value of Financial and Technical Assistance Committed to Developing Countries ^a (constant 2018 \$ million) | |
| | 2000 | 2018 | Average, 2000–2009 | Average, 2009–2018 |
| Developing ADB Member Economies | | | | |
| Central and West Asia^b | ... | ... | 1,480.8 | 3,306.5 |
| Afghanistan | 0.4 (2008) | 4.0 (2017) | 728.7 | 1,301.5 |
| Armenia | 8.2 | 6.6 | 67.9 | 105.0 |
| Azerbaijan | 5.5 | 8.3 | 34.1 | 121.6 |
| Georgia | 12.2 | 4.8 | 86.2 | 153.4 |
| Kazakhstan | 8.8 | 2.1 | 54.3 | 323.2 |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 9.8 | 7.0 | 52.7 | 98.3 |
| Pakistan | 21.1 | 16.0 | 382.3 | 937.7 |
| Tajikistan | 9.1 (2002) | 8.7 | 31.1 | 45.9 |
| Turkmenistan | ... | ... | 6.2 | 6.5 |
| Uzbekistan | ... | 3.0 | 37.4 | 213.3 |
| East Asia^b | ... | ... | 393.3 | 941.0 |
| China, People's Republic of | 7.1 | 0.8 | 351.9 | 753.4 |
| Hong Kong, China | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Korea, Republic of | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Mongolia | 6.5 | 11.6 | 41.4 | 187.5 |
| Taipei, China | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| South Asia^b | ... | ... | 981.5 | 1,517.6 |
| Bangladesh | 10.3 | 4.2 | 239.2 | 525.6 |
| Bhutan | 2.5 (2006) | 10.4 | 16.1 | 23.8 |
| India | 15.4 | 4.2 | 523.6 | 648.6 |
| Maldives | 4.0 | 7.9 | 3.5 | 10.5 |
| Nepal | 7.4 | 7.4 (2017) | 86.5 | 188.6 |
| Sri Lanka | 10.9 | 21.7 | 112.5 | 120.4 |
| Southeast Asia^b | ... | ... | 1,497.7 | 3,121.0 |
| Brunei Darussalam | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Cambodia | 0.7 | 1.4 | 91.4 | 136.4 |
| Indonesia | 11.2 | 8.5 | 733.9 | 1,442.5 |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic | 7.9 | 10.8 | 50.1 | 87.5 |
| Malaysia | ... | ... | 17.8 | 14.2 |
| Myanmar | 1.0 | 4.8 | 15.5 | 206.6 |
| Philippines | 14.6 | 4.5 | 154.0 | 419.5 |
| Singapore | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Thailand | 5.8 | 0.5 | 45.4 | 70.9 |
| Timor-Leste | - (2006) | 0.3 | 55.0 | 47.6 |
| Viet Nam | 7.2 | 1.4 | 334.5 | 695.8 |
| The Pacific^b | ... | ... | 326.3 | 393.0 |
| Cook Islands | ... | ... | 2.7 | 4.1 |
| Fiji | 2.3 | 1.9 | 17.5 | 19.7 |
| Kiribati | ... | ... | 8.2 | 9.6 |
| Marshall Islands | ... | ... | 20.0 | 7.3 |
| Micronesia, Federated States of | ... | ... | 43.3 | 16.7 |
| Nauru | ... | ... | 9.9 | 8.2 |
| Niue | ... | ... | 1.9 | 6.7 |
| Palau | ... | ... | 1.7 | 3.3 |
| Papua New Guinea | 8.0 | 1.7 | 98.5 | 180.1 |
| Samoa | 5.5 (2004) | 9.8 | 15.7 | 36.8 |
| Solomon Islands | 2.8 | 1.3 | 85.1 | 60.2 |
| Tonga | 9.8 (2001) | 7.2 | 10.5 | 16.5 |
| Tuvalu | ... | ... | 3.1 | 4.7 |
| Vanuatu | 1.4 | 2.0 (2016) | 14.9 | 19.0 |
| Developed ADB Member Economies | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Japan | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| New Zealand | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| DEVELOPING ADB MEMBER ECONOMIES^b | ... | ... | 4,679.6 | 9,279.0 |
| DEVELOPING ECONOMIES WORLDWIDE^c | ... | ... | 20,601.7 | 31,056.0 |

... = data not available, \$ = United States dollars, ADB = Asian Development Bank.

a Technical assistance includes assistance through North-South, South-South, and triangular cooperation. The United Nations Statistics Division dataset and metadata refer to this indicator as total official development assistance (gross disbursements) for technical cooperation.

b For reporting economies only.

c The figures provided refer to aggregates for all developing economies as reported in the United Nations' Global SDG Indicators Database.

Source: United Nations Statistics Division. Global SDG Indicators Database. <http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/> (accessed 17 July 2020).

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Table 1.17.2: Selected Indicators for Sustainable Development Goal 17—Statistical Capacity Building

| ADB Regional Member | Target 17.18: By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing states, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely, and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location, and other characteristics relevant in national contexts | Target 17.19: By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries | |
|--|---|--|---|
| | 17.18.3: Availability of National Statistical Plan ^a 2019 | 17.19.1: Value of All Resources Made Available to Strengthen Statistical Capacity in Developing Countries (current \$) 2017 | 17.19.2: Countries that Have Conducted at Least One Population and Housing Census in the Past 10 Years ^b 2019 |
| Developing ADB Member Economies | | | |
| Central and West Asia^c | | | |
| | | 8,082,034.1 | |
| Afghanistan | B | 485,253.9 | ... |
| Armenia | A, B, C, D | 235,920.0 | 2011 |
| Azerbaijan | ... | 22,514.5 | 2019 |
| Georgia | ... | ... | 2014 |
| Kazakhstan | A, B | 174,245.0 | ... |
| Kyrgyz Republic | A, B, C, D | 3,040,650.7 | ... |
| Pakistan | A, B | 3,684,806.4 | 2017 |
| Tajikistan | C, D, E | 438,643.6 | 2010 |
| Turkmenistan | ... | ... | 2012 |
| Uzbekistan | A, B, C, D, E | ... | ... |
| East Asia^c | | | |
| | | 149,023.6 | |
| China, People's Republic of | A, B | 91,844.7 | 2010 |
| Hong Kong, China | A, B | ... | 2016 |
| Korea, Republic of | B | ... | 2015 |
| Mongolia | A, B, C, D | 57,178.9 | 2010 |
| Taipei, China | ... | ... | 2010 |
| South Asia^c | | | |
| | | 6,059,569.3 | |
| Bangladesh | A, B, C, D | 652,727.6 | 2011 |
| Bhutan | A, B, C, D | 51,000.0 | 2017 |
| India | B | 2,976,145.4 | 2011 |
| Maldives | B | 86,163.0 | 2014 |
| Nepal | B, C, D | 2,266,612.3 | 2011 |
| Sri Lanka | C, D | 26,921.0 | 2012 |
| Southeast Asia^c | | | |
| | | 6,526,092.9 | |
| Brunei Darussalam | A | 3,750.0 | 2011 |
| Cambodia | C, D | 475,800.0 | 2019 |
| Indonesia | ... | 437,364.9 | 2010 |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic | B | 933,025.0 | 2015 |
| Malaysia | ... | 90,287.9 | 2010 |
| Myanmar | B | 2,782,717.1 | 2014 |
| Philippines | B | 267,477.0 | 2015 |
| Singapore | A, B | ... | 2010 |
| Thailand | A, B | 277,269.4 | 2010 |
| Timor-Leste | B | 1,034,487.8 | 2015 |
| Viet Nam | B | 223,913.8 | 2019 |
| The Pacific^c | | | |
| | | 2,158,537.2 | |
| Cook Islands | B | 6,261.0 | 2016 |
| Fiji | ... | 6,360.6 | 2017 |
| Kiribati | ... | 46,471.0 | 2015 |
| Marshall Islands | ... | ... | 2011 |
| Micronesia, Federated States of | ... | 6,950.7 | 2010 |
| Nauru | ... | 38,983.8 | 2011 |
| Niue | ... | 10,092.7 | 2017 |
| Palau | A | 4,851.0 | 2015 |
| Papua New Guinea | B | 921,422.8 | 2011 |
| Samoa | A, B, C, D | 33,010.0 | 2016 |
| Solomon Islands | B | 991,113.2 | 2019 |
| Tonga | A, B, C, D, E | 21,296.7 | 2016 |
| Tuvalu | B | 48,172.3 | 2012 |
| Vanuatu | ... | 23,551.4 | 2016 |
| Developed ADB Member Economies | | | |
| Australia | A, B | ... | 2016 |
| Japan | A, B | ... | 2015 |
| New Zealand | A, B, E | ... | 2018 |

... = data not available, \$ = United States dollars, ADB = Asian Development Bank.

a A = a national statistical plan fully funded, B = a national statistical plan under implementation, C = a national statistical plan with funding from government, D = a national statistical plan with funding from donors, E = a national statistical plan with funding from others.

b Refers to the most recent year in which a population and housing census was conducted.

c Aggregates were calculated as the sum of reporting economies with data corresponding to the year heading.

Sources: United Nations Statistics Division. Global SDG Indicators Database. <http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/> (accessed 20 July 2020). For Taipei, China: Government of Taipei, China, Directorate-General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics. National Statistics. <https://eng.stat.gov.tw/> (accessed 20 July 2020).